

Paramount Resources Ltd. Announces Third Quarter 2017 Results; 2018 Production and Capital Guidance; October 2017 Sales Volumes Exceed 98,000 Boe/d

Calgary, Alberta – November 9, 2017

OIL AND GAS OPERATIONS

- Paramount completed two major transactions in the third quarter of 2017, acquiring Apache Canada Ltd. ("Apache Canada") in August and completing a merger with Trilogy Energy Corp. ("Trilogy") in September.
- During October 2017, the first full month of operations for the combined entities, Paramount's estimated sales volumes averaged over 98,000 Boe/d (38 percent Liquids).
- Average sales volumes for the fourth quarter are expected to exceed 95,000 Boe/d, with greater than 38 percent Liquids volumes.
- Paramount's third quarter 2017 sales volumes averaged 49,023 Boe/d (40 percent Liquids).
- In the Grande Prairie Region, the 2016/17 Karr-Gold Creek capital program is wrapping up with the the final six wells of the 27-well Montney program scheduled to be completed and brought on production before year-end 2017. Paramount expects fourth quarter production from the Grande Prairie Region to exceed 35,000 Boe/d (approximately 50 percent Liquids).
- In the Kaybob Region, a total of seven wells were rig released and twelve wells were completed in the third quarter of 2017, including the completion and tie-in of a six (3.1 net) well pad at Kaybob South Duvernay in September. The Company expects fourth quarter production from the Kaybob Region to exceed 40,000 Boe/d (approximately 33 percent Liquids).
- The Central Alberta and Other Region includes assets and production in the Northwest Territories, northeast British Columbia, northwest Alberta, and central Alberta. Drilling and completion activity in the Region during the third quarter took place at the Birch joint-venture in northeast British Columbia. Paramount expects fourth quarter production from the Central and Other Region to be approximately 20,000 Boe/d (30 percent Liquids).
- Capital expenditures in the third quarter of 2017 totaled \$122.0 million. The majority of the capital spending was directed towards the Karr-Gold Creek Montney development program in the Grande Prairie Region.

CORPORATE

- Paramount's revolving bank credit facility (the "Facility") was increased from \$300 million to \$700 million in November 2017. At Paramount's request, the size of the Facility can be further increased by \$300 million to \$1.0 billion.
- Approximately \$315 million was drawn on the Facility as of November 6, 2017.
- Trilogy's \$285 million bank credit facility has been repaid and cancelled.
- Third quarter 2017 funds flow from operations totaled \$45.3 million compared to \$3.8 million in the third quarter of 2016.
- Transition efforts are in full swing with a management team comprised of representation from all three
 companies. The Company has reorganized into three operating regions while also creating disciplinebased leadership roles to facilitate project execution and best practices and to ensure integration
 across the organization.
- Since October 1, 2017, Paramount has entered into hedges for 10,000 Bbl/d of Liquids for 2018 at an average WTI price of C\$69.84/Bbl. For the remainder of 2017, the Company has 4,000 Bbl/d of Liquids hedged at an average WTI price of C\$70.80/Bbl and 2,000 Bbl/d hedged at a WTI price of US\$54.48/Bbl.
- The Company has secured firm service transportation capacity for approximately 60,000 GJ/d of natural gas for delivery to the Dawn natural gas hub in Ontario for sale to eastern natural gas markets.

OIL AND GAS OPERATIONS

In the third quarter of 2017 sales volumes averaged 49,023 Boe/d, including 40 percent Liquids volumes. This includes 46 days of production from the Apache Canada assets and 19 days of production from the Trilogy assets. For the full month of October, the Company's estimated monthly sales averaged over 98,000 Boe/d, including approximately 38 percent Liquids volumes. Average sales volumes for the fourth quarter of 2017 are expected to exceed 95,000 Boe/d, with 38 percent Liquids volumes.

Capital expenditures for the Company in the third quarter of 2017 were \$122.0 million. Paramount estimates approximately \$130 million of capital will be spent in the fourth quarter, bringing total projected annual spending for 2017 to approximately \$510 million, excluding land and property acquisitions.

Following the acquisition of Apache Canada (the "Apache Canada Acquisition") and the merger with Trilogy (the "Trilogy Merger"), Paramount has divided its oil and gas operating areas into three operating regions: i) the Grande Prairie Region; ii) the Kaybob Region and iii) the Central Alberta and Other Region.

In the third quarter of 2017 the combined entities rig released 11 wells, completed 16 wells, and had 12 wells in the process of being completed.

Grande Prairie Region

The focus within the Grande Prairie Region is the over-pressure liquids-rich Deep Basin Montney trend. In the third quarter Paramount added approximately 45,000 net acres to its land position through the Apache Canada Acquisition and increased its total land holding to approximately 147,000 net acres. In addition, the Company has a material position of Deep Basin Cretaceous rights of approximately 150,000 net effective acres targeting the Dunvegan, Falher, Gething and Wilrich formations.

Production for the quarter averaged 24,000 Boe/d with approximately 50 percent Liquids, despite a 20-day planned outage at a third-party gas processing plant. Paramount expects fourth quarter production from the Grande Prairie Region to continue to exceed 35,000 Boe/d, comprised of approximately 50 percent Liquids.

During the third quarter, a total of four wells were rig released, four wells were completed and brought on production, and 12 wells were in the process of being completed and brought on production.

The 2016/17 Karr Montney capital program is wrapping up with six wells in-progress and scheduled to be on production before year-end 2017. This will complete the successful 27 (27.0 net) well program, which delivered average sales volumes of around 26,600 Boe/d in October 2017, including approximately 52 percent Liquids volumes. Peak wellhead throughput in the month of October reached 30,500 Boe/d, with approximately 55 percent Liquids volumes.

The table below summarizes the average peak 30-day initial wellhead production rates for 21 of the 27 wells in the 2016/17 Karr Montney capital program:

		Peak 30 Day Total ⁽¹⁾	Peak 30 Day Condensate (1)		Days on
Well	Pad	(Boe/d)	(Bbl/d)	% Condensate	Production
00/15-14-065-06W6/0	15-02	2,628	1,340	51	307
00/04-07-065-05W6/0	04-19	2,550	1,815	71	266
02/04-07-065-05W6/0	04-19	2,844	2,176	77	238
02/01-12-065-06W6/0	04-19	2,633	1,795	68	229
00/03-22-066-05W6/0	03-22	1,949	946	49	203
00/01-12-065-06W6/0	04-19	2,218	1,532	69	196
00/09-32-065-04W6/0	16-36	2,159	1,401	65	158
00/16-32-065/04W6/0	16-36	2,122	1,263	60	143
00/04-34-065-05W6/0	16-04	2,137	994	47	132
00/01-33-065-05W6/0	16-04	1,912	805	42	127
00/08-32-065-04W6/0	16-36	1,856	1,176	63	119
02/16-24-066-05W6/0	13-07	1,341	694	52	94
00/04-06-066-04W6/0	13-07	1,815	900	50	93
02/04-06-066-04W6/0	13-07	2,050	1,414	69	91
00/16-24-066-05W6/0	13-07	1,352	647	48	91
00/03-06-066-04W6/0	13-07	1,839	942	51	89
02/09-32-065-04W6/0	16-36	1,529	950	62	80
00/13-14-065-06W6/0	15-02	1,723	1,072	62	56
02/16-14-065-06W6/0	15-02	2,018	1,346	67	48
02/14-14-065-06W6/0	15-02	1,702	1,003	59	30
02/15-14-065-06W6/0	15-02	1,855	1,270	67	30
Average		2,011	1,212	59	134

⁽¹⁾ Peak 30 Day is the highest daily average production rate over a 30-day consecutive period for an individual well, measured at the wellhead. Natural gas sales volumes are approximately 10 percent lower and stabilized condensate sales volumes are approximately 15 percent lower due to shrinkage. The production rates and volumes shown are 30 day peak rates over a short period of time and, therefore, are not necessarily indicative of average daily production, long-term performance or of ultimate recovery from the wells.

Drilling costs for the 21 wells averaged \$3.7 million per well (\$622 per meter of total depth or \$1,281 per meter of lateral length) and completion costs averaged \$7.1 million per well (\$103,000 per stage or \$1,032 per tonne of proppant placed). Paramount increased the number of average fracs pumped per day from about five on the 04-19 pad to an average of more than 10 per day on the most recent pad, with as many as 17 frac stages pumped in a single 24-hour period.

The Karr 06-18 compression and dehydration facility (the "06-18 Facility") produces to a nearby third party sour gas processing plant where Paramount has firm natural gas transportation on TCPL and downstream contracts for our condensate and NGLs volumes.

The 2016/17 delineation and land tenure program at the Wapiti Montney property is nearly complete, with two wells rig released and one well completed and tested in the third quarter of 2017. To date, the property has been delineated with nine wells that have tested three landing zones in the Middle and Lower Montney. A new third party sour gas processing plant, trunk lines, and compression nodes are at various stages of engineering, procurement and construction, with the first 150 MMcf/d of sour gas processing capacity scheduled to be commissioned in the spring of 2019.

In the Resthaven/Jayar area, the 2016/17 program of five (4.5 net) Cretaceous wells and one (1.0 net) Montney well is near completion. In the third quarter, one well was rig released, four wells were completed and put on production, and one well is in the process of being completed, tested and brought on production.

The Montney well at Resthaven was drilled, completed and tied-in during the third quarter with encouraging results. This Montney well was completed with a similar design to those of the Karr Montney program and had a completed length of approximately 2,700 meters with 70 x 100 tonne frac stages for proppant loading intensity of about 2.6 tonnes per meter. The well continues to flow on cleanup and has achieved an initial 30-day production rate of approximately 1,314 Boe/d at the wellhead, about 33 percent condensate. Wellhead production rates over the first 30 days have increased day-over-day with the 30th day delivering approximately 1,780 Boe/d with 34 percent condensate. The Company plans to closely monitor the well's longer-term performance and may accelerate the development of the Montney in this area.

All of the new Resthaven/Jayar production is being processed either in the 300 MMcf/d Pembina 08-11 deep cut gas plant where Paramount holds a 16 percent interest (54 MMcf/d net capacity), or the Resthaven 01-36 gas plant, where Paramount holds a 50 percent interest (10 MMcf/d net capacity). Paramount has firm service natural gas transportation on TCPL and downstream contracts for condensate and NGLs to handle egress for production from the Resthaven/Jayar area.

Kaybob Region

The focus in the Kaybob Region is Montney oil at Kaybob and Ante Creek, Montney gas at Presley, liquids-rich Duvernay at Kaybob South and Smoky River and Gething oil. Paramount has added about 900,000 net acres of land at Kaybob as a result of the Apache Canada Acquisition and the Trilogy Merger, including approximately 88,000 net acres of tier one Montney oil acreage, 122,000 net acres of liquids-rich Montney gas, and 136,000 net acres of Duvernay rights, more than half of which are in the liquids-rich trends. In addition to these Montney and Duvernay land positions, Paramount added additional acreage in stacked Cretaceous plays within the Deep Basin at Kaybob.

Through the Apache Canada Acquisition and the Trilogy Merger, Paramount also added strategically owned and operated facilities including six natural gas processing plants and three oil batteries. The natural gas processing capacity totals greater than 150 MMcf/d and the oil batteries can process more than 40,000 Bbl/d of liquids.

During the third quarter, a total of seven wells were rig released and 12 wells completed in the Kaybob Region, including a six-well pad at Kaybob South Duvernay which tested completion intensities up to 4.5 tonnes per meter. Production for the Kaybob Region in the third quarter averaged approximately 13,500 Boe/d, approximately 31 percent Liquids volumes. Paramount expects fourth quarter 2017 production from the Kaybob Region to exceed 40,000 Boe/d, with about 33 percent Liquids volumes.

The Company has implemented a new completion design in the Kaybob Montney oil pool which on average has 45 percent more stages and 290 percent higher proppant loading than the original wells. The table below summarizes the average peak 30-day initial wellhead rates for wells with the new completion design.

	Peak 30 Day	Peak 30 Day		
	Total (1)	Oil ⁽¹⁾		Days on
Well	(Boe/d)	(Bbl/d)	% Oil	Production
02/05-06-064-18W5/0	2,301	1,928	84	299
03/04-06-064-18W5/0	1,059	759	72	298
02/04-06-064-18W5/0	1,202	1,082	90	270
00/13-31-064-18W5/0	1,174	990	84	210
02/13-31-064-18W5/0	811	605	75	208
00/14-31-064-18W5/0	756	578	76	208
00/14-12-064-19W5/2	539	475	88	198
02/15-12-064-19W5/0	683	587	86	195
03/15-12-064-19W5/0	754	620	82	157
02/08-05-064-18W5/0	1,007	929	92	137
03/09-05-064-18W5/0	815	758	93	136
02/08-29-064-18W5/0	1,573	599	38	114
Average	1,056	826	80	203

⁽¹⁾ Peak 30 Day is the highest daily average production rate over a 30 day consecutive period for an individual well, measured at the wellhead. Natural gas sales volumes are approximately 10 percent lower and stabilized oil sales volumes are approximately 15 percent lower due to shrinkage. The production rates and volumes shown are 30 day peak rates over a short period of time and, therefore, are not necessarily indicative of average daily production, long-term performance or of ultimate recovery from the wells.

Drilling costs for the 17 wells that were completed in the Kaybob Region averaged \$1.7 million per well (\$440 per meter of total depth or \$926 per meter of lateral length), with completion costs averaging \$0.9 million per well (\$29,233 per stage or \$1,500 per tonne of proppant placed). Paramount will continue to operate a drilling rig through the fourth quarter on this play.

The Kaybob Montney oil asset produces through owned and operated sour natural gas processing and oil handling facilities that are coupled with firm transportation for the solution gas and downstream contracts for oil and NGLs volumes. The facilities are dually connected to both the TCPL and Alliance systems for natural gas volumes and the Pembina gathering system for crude oil.

During the quarter, the Company brought on a new six-well pad on its Kaybob South Duvernay lands and is excited by the results. The wells on this pad had an average daily wellhead production rate of approximately 1,600 Boe/d per well with about 51 percent condensate volumes over their first 30 days of production. The production rates from this new pad are over a brief period of time and not necessarily indicative of the long-term performance. The average drill cost was \$4.6 million per well (\$842 per meter of total depth or \$2,030 per meter of lateral length) and the average completion cost was \$6.0 million per well (\$147,000 per stage or \$711 per tonne of proppant placed). The six-well pad tested two proppant loading intensities at approximately 55-meter stage spacing and the Company is currently evaluating the results to determine the optimal proppant loading intensity.

The Kaybob South Duvernay asset produces through third party facilities under firm agreements, again coupled with firm transportation for natural gas and downstream contracts for condensate and NGLs volumes.

Central Alberta and Other Region

The Central Alberta and Other Region includes assets and production in the Northwest Territories, northeast British Columbia, northwest Alberta, and central Alberta. There are a number of material land and resource positions in the region including Willesden Green and East Shale Basin Duvernay. The following table summarizes the noteworthy positions in the region:

Description	Approximate Net Acres
Willesden Green Duvernay	63,000
East Shale Basin Duvernay	30,000
Fee Simple Lands	176,000
Cardium	187,000
Glauconite	76,000
Ellerslie	95,000

During the third quarter, drilling and completion activity in the Central Alberta and Other Region took place at the non-operated Birch joint-venture lands in northeast British Columbia.

Production for the region for the third quarter averaged about 11,000 Boe/d (28 percent Liquids). Paramount expects fourth quarter 2017 production from the Central Alberta and Other Region to be approximately 20,000 Boe/d with approximately 30 percent Liquids.

2018 GUIDANCE AND OUTLOOK

Paramount's 2018 capital budget is focused on liquids-rich growth opportunities while maintaining a strong balance sheet. Paramount expects sales volumes to average approximately 100,000 Boe/d in 2018, including 40 percent Liquids volumes. The Company's sales volumes are expected to remain at this level until production at Wapiti begins to ramp up in the spring of 2019 when 150 MMcf/d of new third-party gas processing capacity is scheduled to come on-stream.

Capital expenditures for 2018 are expected to be approximately \$600 million including maintenance, optimization and exploration expenses, excluding acquisitions or divestitures. In addition, the Company intends to spend approximately \$28 million on abandonment and suspension activities in 2018.

Approximately 50 percent of the \$130 million of capital expenditures the Company expects to incur in the fourth quarter of 2017 are related to the planned 2018 development program and include lease construction, drilling operations and ordering of long-lead items.

The 2018 capital allocation is expected to be as follows: 68 percent liquids-rich Montney, 23 percent liquids-rich Duvernay, six percent for maintenance/optimization projects and three percent for other liquids-rich projects. Capital allocation by region is forecast to be about 54 percent Grande Prairie, 36 percent Kaybob and 10 percent Central/Other.

In 2018 the Company plans to drill between 70 and 75 net development wells and complete up to 55 of those net wells. The 55 net well completions will account for about 13 percent of Paramount's proved plus probable booked undeveloped locations (as at June 1, 2017). As the Company furthers the development of its plays, additional locations will be added to Paramount's reserves.

At an average drilling duration of 30 days and 270 operating days per year per drilling rig, Paramount's wholly-owned Fox Drilling fleet of seven rigs can accommodate approximately 1,900 of the up to 2,500 drilling days that may be required for these development wells. The remaining drilling days will be contracted out based on cost of service, availability, reliability and functionality of equipment.

In 2016/17 Paramount contracted pumping services for extended periods of up to 12 months, and plans to employ the same strategy in 2018 to ensure access to quality crews, equipment, and materials. Paramount has a water management team and greater than five million barrels of existing fresh water storage capacity in Wapiti, Karr and Kaybob.

During the period from late-2016 through to the present, Paramount has seen between 10 and 15 percent cost inflation in drilling and completion activities. These increases have been included in future development

planning with any additional cost inflation anticipated to be offset by savings due to multi-well pad drilling, fresh water storage and economies of scale from the combined businesses.

For budgeting and planning purposes, Paramount uses constant prices and costs with U\$\$50/Bbl WTI, U\$\$3.00/MMbtu NYMEX, U\$\$1.00/MMbtu AECO basis, and a foreign exchange rate of 1.25 Canadian dollars per US dollar. Operating costs through the 2018 period are estimated to be approximately \$10.00 per Boe. Transportation costs are expected to average \$3.10 per Boe with royalties of approximately \$1.65 per Boe. Operating costs per Boe and general and administrative costs are expected to decline in the fourth guarter of 2018 as optimization and synergistic benefits start to be realized.

Paramount expects to fund the portion of its 2018 budgeted capital expenditures that are in excess of cash flow through non-core asset divestitures and by drawings on the Company's expanded bank credit facility.

Paramount has a portfolio of very profitable projects and intends to invest in these while maintaining financial strength and flexibility. This will provide the Company with the flexibility to accelerate capital investments should macro conditions continue to improve.

2018 Capital Program By Property

Wapiti Montney

In 2018 the Company will allocate about 25 percent of the capital program to the Wapiti Montney asset in the form of drilling, completions, water management, land tenure, and geological studies. A 24-well drilling campaign (100 percent working interest) will be kicked off with most of the well completions to follow in early 2019 to align with the commissioning and startup of the first phase of the third-party Wapiti gas plant.

The Wapiti gas plant, trunk line connecting the east and west blocks and compression nodes are in various stages of engineering, procurement and construction with an anticipated onstream date in the spring of 2019 as per the third party schedule. This third-party infrastructure is complimented by a Leduc water disposal scheme which Paramount will commence drilling the first of a series of water disposal wells in 2018.

Paramount has firm natural gas transportation on TCPL which ramps up from 50 MMcf/d in 2019 to 130 MMcf/d in early 2021 with the potential to accelerate these volumes should Paramount choose to do so.

Karr Montney

The Karr Montney asset is expected to be allocated approximately 27 percent of the 2018 capital program in the form of drilling, completions, optimizations and facility expansions. Paramount plans to expand the existing 06-18 Facility from its current 80 MMcf/d throughput capacity to about 100 MMcf/d of capacity in the latter half of 2018. The 2018 program will see about 15 wells drilled (five to be spud in the fourth quarter of 2017) and up to 10 wells completed. Paramount has a 100 percent working interest in the wells in the 2018 program.

In addition to expanding the existing 06-18 Facility from 80 to 100 MMcf/d, the Company has kicked off front-end engineering design and site clearing on a 50 MMcf/d expansion, which will see Karr achieve throughput capacity of 150 MMcf/d in 2020. This new owned and operated facility is being designed to allow for a further 50 MMcf/d expansion, which would bring total owned and contracted natural gas processing at Karr to 200 MMcf/d. Firm transportation with TCPL is in place to achieve the goal of 150 MMcf/d of throughput capacity by the third quarter of 2020.

Kaybob Montney Oil

Approximately 13 percent of the 2018 capital program has been assigned to the Kaybob Montney oil asset. This will consist of drilling, completions, optimizations and infield infrastructure projects to handle growth in oil production from the current 6,000 Bbl/d to approximately 8,000 Bbl/d. The 2018 program will see about 22 new wells (100 percent working interest) drilled and completed, plus an additional five completions from late-2017 drills.

The solution gas from the asset is produced into Paramount's operated Kaybob North 08-09 gas plant (the "08-09 Plant") where firm natural gas transportation is secured with TCPL. The gas plant is dually connected to both TCPL and Alliance, providing for future optionality.

Oil emulsion is treated at Paramount's owned and operated 12-10 oil battery with capacity of 20,000 Bbl/d, which is pipeline connected to Pembina. The Company has downstream contracts in place to match throughput at the battery.

Paramount's development strategy at the Kaybob Montney Oil asset is to maintain oil production flat at about 8,000 Bbl/d, with optionality to increase throughput in the event of higher oil prices.

Kaybob Smoky Duvernay

The 2018 capital program for the Kaybob Smoky Duvernay will see a new four well pad (100 percent working interest, average 2,600 meter lateral length with proppant loading intensities up to 4.5 tonnes per meter) spudded in late-2017 (part of the fourth quarter 2017 capital spend estimate) and come on-stream in middle of 2018.

The new four well pad will produce to Paramount's owned and operated Smoky 06-16 gas plant, which will have approximately 12 MMcf/d of throughput capacity after some minor capital investments. The Smoky 06-16 plant is TCPL connected with firm transportation to accommodate natural gas production. Condensate and NGLs will be trucked to the 08-09 Plant and the 12-10 oil battery, which is located about 15 miles east.

The 2018 capital program is Phase 1 of the development of the Kaybob Smoky Duvernay asset. Phase 2 will consist of further modifications to the Smoky 06-16 gas plant to increase throughput capacity to about 20 MMcf/d in 2019. Phase 3 of the development will include a pipeline connection to the Kaybob North 08-09 gas plant and some modifications/enhancements to the Kaybob North 08-09 gas plant for handling Duvernay liquids. Phase 3 will add incremental throughput capacity of approximately 40 MMcf/d, bringing the total throughput capacity for the asset up to 60 MMcf/d for middle of 2020.

The growth plan at the Kaybob Smoky Duvernay asset is supported by firm natural gas transportation on TCPL and downstream contracts for the condensate and NGLs.

Kaybob South Duvernay

In 2018 the Company will allocate up to \$50 million to the Kaybob South Duvernay asset. Paramount's average working interest in the asset is about 60 percent and the 2018 program average working interest is 51 percent. The program will consist of drilling up to 11 gross wells and completing five of those wells in 2018 with the remainder being completed in early-2019.

The asset produces through third party facilities under firm contracts with current throughput capacity limited to 40 MMcf/d at the 15-28 compression and dehydration facility. The 15-28 facility is expandable

and the Company has firm service natural gas processing capacity in excess of 80 MMcf/d at a downstream third-party natural gas processing plant.

Paramount has firm natural gas transportation on TCPL that aligns with the current third-party facilities solution and would be addressed in an expansion scenario.

Other Exploration and Development Capital

The 2018 capital program includes about \$60 million for other high-graded development projects including Birch Montney, Willesden Green Duvernay, Hoadley Glauconite, Gething oil and Ante Creek Montney. In total, the Company plans to drill around 11 gross wells (7.8 net wells) and complete 10 gross wells (6.8 net wells). All but one of the completed wells will produce through owned and operated infrastructure which is accompanied by firm transportation contracts for natural gas. The exception is Birch Montney, where Paramount has ownership in facilities that are operated by a joint-venture partner.

The 2018 capital plan excludes non-operated opportunities which may arise throughout the year, which will be evaluated on a case-by-case basis to determine the economic feasibility, risk profile, and strategic rationale.

Optimization Capital

In 2018 the Company has allocated approximately \$45 million to maintenance and optimization projects to add production, reduce base decline, and achieve operating cost savings. The focus of these optimization projects is in the Kaybob area, where there are a number of opportunities to re-route production from third party facilities to owned and operated facilities. These investment opportunities are possible due to the overlap of the Trilogy and Apache Canada land and infrastructure positions in Kaybob, which provide significant opportunities for cost saving synergies.

TECHNOLOGY UPDATE

Over the course of three years Paramount has evolved completion designs from open-hole packer systems with oil-based fluid to cased hole designs with slickwater fluid and pump rates more than 14 m3/min. Stage spacing has decreased from up to 100m down to as low as 40m with proppant loading intensities increasing from 0.6 t/m to as high as 4.5 t/m.

Paramount continues to investigate and research the evolution of well design and will test concepts around plug optimization, zipper fracturing techniques, casing string design, and artificial lift technologies in 2018.

In 2018 a key focus for Paramount is data acquisition projects including micro-seismic, production logging with fiber, pilot wells and coring, landing zone optimization, well density tests, stacked development tests and water reuse applications.

Paramount strives to be a leader in well completion designs and optimizing well performance with a specific focus on condensate recoveries. The Company has embraced data analytics and is monitoring competitors in its own basin and plays as well as operators south of the border. Paramount is focused on the optimal asset allocation and maximizing oil and condensate recovery from our liquids-rich resource plays.

SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Since October 1, 2017, Paramount has entered into hedges for 10,000 Bbl/d of Liquids for 2018 at an average WTI price of C\$69.84/Bbl. For the remainder of 2017, the Company has 4,000 Bbl/d of Liquids hedged at an average WTI price of C\$70.80/Bbl and 2,000 Bbl/d hedged at a WTI price of US\$54.48/Bbl.

The Company will receive US\$1.1 million of locked-in gains on natural gas hedging contracts in the fourth quarter of 2017 and has an additional 20,000 MMBtu/d hedged at a NYMEX price of US\$3.40/MMbtu until the end of the year.

The Company has secured firm service transportation capacity for approximately 60,000 GJ/d of natural gas for delivery to the Dawn natural gas hub in Ontario for sale to eastern natural gas markets.

OPERATING AND FINANCIAL RESULTS (1)

(\$ millions, except as noted)

(\$\psi\text{minority}, Oxecopt as noted)		Three months ended September 30			Nine months end September 30	
	2017	2016	% Change	2017	2016	% Change
Sales Volumes (Boe/d)						
PRL (2)	25,294	11,148	127	19,975	11,583	72
Apache Canada	18,960	-	100	6,389	-	100
Trilogy	4,769	-	100	1,607	-	100
Ongoing Operations	49,023	11,148	340	27,971	11,583	141
Musreau Assets (2)	-	13,638	(100)	-	26,979	(100)
Total	49,023	24,786	98	27,971	38,562	(27)
Netback						
Natural gas revenue	30.9	21.6	43	62.9	68.6	(8)
Condensate and oil revenue	74.2	25.1	196	152.2	121.7	25
Other NGLs revenue (3)	9.8	4.8	104	15.2	25.3	(40)
Royalty and sulphur revenue	1.6	0.2	700	2.3	0.9	156
Petroleum and natural gas sales	116.5	51.7	125	232.6	216.5	7
Royalties	(5.0)	(0.1)	NM	(7.8)	(2.1)	271
Operating expense	(47.8)	(25.0)	91	(79.8)	(86.1)	(7)
Transportation and NGLs processing (4)	(12.3)	(12.7)	(3)	(26.6)	(52.2)	(49)
Netback	51.4	13.9	270	118.4	76.1	56
(\$/Boe)	11.40	6.12	86	15.49	7.20	115
Exploration and Capital Expenditures						
Wells and exploration	100.6	46.5	116	330.1	83.1	297
Facilities and gathering	21.4	0.1	NM	50.8	9.8	418
Principal Properties Capital (5)	122.0	46.6	162	380.9	92.9	310
Net income	223.5	1,029.4	(78)	289.5	952.9	(70)
per share – diluted (\$/share)	1.97	9.64	(80)	2.65	8.97	(70)
Funds flow from operations	45.3	3.8	NM	108.6	21.3	410
per share – diluted (\$/share)	0.40	0.04	NM	0.99	0.20	395
Total assets				5,020.9	2,130.3	136
Net debt (cash)				564.3	(385.3)	(246)
Investments in other entities – market value (6)				56.5	466.7	(88)
Common shares outstanding (thousands)				134.8	106.3	27

⁽¹⁾ Readers are referred to the advisories concerning Non-GAAP Measures and Oil and Gas Measures and Definitions in the Advisories section of this document.

⁽²⁾ In 2016, the Company sold its natural gas processing facilities and the majority of its oil and gas properties in the Musreau/Kakwa area of west central Alberta (the "Musreau Assets"). Disclosures of results for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 for "Ongoing Operations" exclude amounts attributable to these sold facilities and oil and gas properties. "PRL" means Paramount's existing operations prior to the Apache Canada Acquisition and the Trilogy Merger excluding the Musreau Assets.

⁽³⁾ Other NGLs means ethane, propane and butane.

⁽⁴⁾ Includes downstream natural gas, NGLs and oil transportation costs and NGLs fractionation costs incurred by the Company.

⁽⁵⁾ Principal Properties Capital includes capital expenditures and geological and geophysical costs related to the Company's Principal Properties and excludes land acquisitions

⁽⁶⁾ Based on the period-end closing prices of publicly-traded investments and the book value of the remaining investments.

⁽⁷⁾ NM Not meaningful

Paramount is an independent, publicly traded, Canadian energy company that explores and develops conventional and unconventional petroleum and natural gas prospects, including long-term unconventional exploration and pre-development projects, and holds a portfolio of investments in other entities. The Company's principal properties are primarily located in Alberta and British Columbia. Paramount's Class A common shares are listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange under the symbol "POU".

Paramount's third quarter 2017 results, including Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements will be made available shortly through Paramount's website at www.paramountres.com and SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

For further information, please contact:

Paramount Resources Ltd.
J.H.T. (Jim) Riddell, President and Chief Executive Officer
B.K. (Bernie) Lee, Chief Financial Officer
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ADVISORIES

Forward-looking Information

Certain statements in this document constitute forward-looking information under applicable securities legislation. Forward-looking information typically contains statements with words such as "anticipate", "believe", "estimate", "will", "expect", "plan", "schedule", "intend", "propose", or similar words suggesting future outcomes or an outlook. Forward-looking information in this document includes, but is not limited to:

- projected production and sales volumes (including the Liquids component thereof);
- forecast capital expenditures (including the plays, regions and activities where, or in respect of which, this capital is expected to be spent), royalties, operating costs, abandonment and suspension costs, and transportation costs;
- exploration, development, and associated operational plans and strategies (including planned drilling and completion programs, well tieins, and facility expansions, and the anticipated timing thereof) and the Company's anticipated sources of funds to carry out such plans and
 strategies (including planned non-core asset divestitures);
- plans for securing the necessary drilling, completion and other services required to carry out the Company's 2018 development program;
- anticipated levels of cost inflation for drilling and completion services and the Company's anticipated ability to offset any additional cost increases by various means including increased economies of scale;
- the percentage of Paramount's currently booked proved and probable and high-graded Montney and Duvernay locations that its expects to drill in 2018;
- · the Company's continued financial flexibility to accelerate its capital programs if industry conditions warrant; and
- general business strategies and objectives.

Such forward-looking information is based on a number of assumptions which may prove to be incorrect. Assumptions have been made with respect to the following matters, in addition to any other assumptions identified in this document:

- future natural gas and Liquids prices;
- royalty rates, taxes and capital, operating, general & administrative and other costs;
- foreign currency exchange rates and interest rates;
- general business, economic and market conditions;
- the ability of Paramount to obtain the required capital to finance its exploration, development and other operations and meet its commitments and financial obligations;
- the ability of Paramount to obtain equipment, services, supplies and personnel in a timely manner and at an acceptable cost to carry out its activities:
- the ability of Paramount to secure adequate product processing, transportation, de-ethanization, fractionation, and storage capacity on acceptable terms;
- the ability of Paramount to market its natural gas and Liquids successfully to current and new customers;
- the ability of Paramount and its industry partners to obtain drilling success (including in respect of anticipated production volumes, reserves
 additions, Liquids yields and resource recoveries) and operational improvements, efficiencies and results consistent with expectations;

- the timely receipt of required governmental and regulatory approvals; and
- anticipated timelines and budgets being met in respect of drilling programs and other operations (including well completions and tie-ins and the construction, commissioning and start-up of new and expanded facilities).

Although Paramount believes that the expectations reflected in such forward-looking information are reasonable, undue reliance should not be placed on them as Paramount can give no assurance that such expectations will prove to be correct. Forward-looking information is based on expectations, estimates and projections that involve a number of risks and uncertainties which could cause actual results to differ materially from those anticipated by Paramount and described in the forward-looking information. The material risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to:

- fluctuations in natural gas and Liquids prices;
- changes in foreign currency exchange rates and interest rates;
- the uncertainty of estimates and projections relating to future revenue, future production, reserve additions, Liquids yields (including condensate to natural gas ratios), resource recoveries, royalty rates, taxes and costs and expenses;
- the ability to secure adequate product processing, transportation, de-ethanization, fractionation, and storage capacity on acceptable terms;
- operational risks in exploring for, developing and producing, natural gas and Liquids;
- the ability to obtain equipment, services, supplies and personnel in a timely manner and at an acceptable cost;
- potential disruptions, delays or unexpected technical or other difficulties in designing, developing, expanding or operating new, expanded or existing facilities (including third-party facilities);
- processing, pipeline, de-ethanization, and fractionation infrastructure outages, disruptions and constraints;
- risks and uncertainties involving the geology of oil and gas deposits;
- the uncertainty of reserves and resources estimates;
- general business, economic and market conditions;
- The ability to generate sufficient cash flow from operations and obtain financing to fund planned exploration, development and operational activities and meet current and future commitments and obligations (including product processing, transportation, de-ethanization, fractionation and similar commitments and obligations);
- changes in, or in the interpretation of, laws, regulations or policies (including environmental laws);
- the ability to obtain required governmental or regulatory approvals in a timely manner, and to enter into and maintain leases and licenses;
- the effects of weather;
- the timing and cost of future abandonment and reclamation obligations and potential liabilities for environmental damage and contamination;
- uncertainties regarding aboriginal claims and in maintaining relationships with local populations and other stakeholders;
- the outcome of existing and potential lawsuits, regulatory actions, audits and assessments; and
- other risks and uncertainties described elsewhere in this document and in Paramount's other filings with Canadian securities authorities.

The foregoing list of risks is not exhaustive. For more information relating to risks, see the section titled "RISK FACTORS" in Paramount's current annual information form. The forward-looking information contained in this document is made as of the date hereof and, except as required by applicable securities law, Paramount undertakes no obligation to update publicly or revise any forward-looking statements or information, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

Non-GAAP Measures

In this document "Funds flow from operations", "Netback", "Net Debt (Cash)", "Adjusted Working Capital", "Exploration and Capital Expenditures", "Principal Properties Capital" and "Investments in other entities – market value", collectively the "Non-GAAP measures", are used and do not have any standardized meanings as prescribed by International Financial Reporting Standards.

Funds flow from operations refers to cash from (used in) operating activities before net changes in operating non-cash working capital, geological and geophysical expenses, asset retirement obligation settlements and corporate acquisition and merger costs. Funds flow from operations is commonly used in the oil and gas industry to assist management and investors in measuring the Company's ability to fund capital programs and meet financial obligations. Refer to the Consolidated Results section of the Company's Management's Discussion and Analysis for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 for the calculation of funds flow from operations. Netback equals petroleum and natural gas sales less royalties, operating costs and transportation and NGLs processing costs. Netback is commonly used by management and investors to compare the results of the Company's oil and gas operations between periods. Refer to the Principal Properties section of the Company's Management's Discussion and Analysis for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 for the calculation of netback. Net debt (cash) is a measure of the Company's overall debt position after adjusting for certain working capital and other amounts and is used by management to assess the Company's overall leverage position. Refer to the Liquidity and Capital Resources section of the Company's Management's Discussion and Analysis for the calculation of Net debt (cash) and Adjusted working capital. Exploration and capital expenditures consist of the Company's spending on wells and infrastructure projects, other property, plant and equipment, land and property acquisitions and geological and geophysical costs incurred. The closest GAAP measure to exploration and development expenditures is property, plant and equipment and exploration cash flows under investing activities in the Company's Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows, which includes all of the items included in exploration and capital expenditures, except for geological and geophysical costs, which are expensed as incurred. Principal properties capital includes capital expenditures and geological and geophysical costs related to the Company's Principal Properties business segment, and excludes land acquisitions. The principal properties capital measure provides management and investors with information regarding the Company's Principal Properties spending on wells and infrastructure projects separate from land acquisition activity

and capitalized interest. Refer to the Advisories section of the Company's Management's Discussion and Analysis for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 for the calculation of exploration and capital expenditures and principal properties capital. Investments in other entities – market value reflects the Company's investments in enterprises whose securities trade on a public stock exchange at their period end closing price (e.g. Trilogy Energy Corp. (2016), MEG Energy Corp., Blackbird Energy Inc., Marquee Energy Ltd., RMP Energy Inc., Strategic Oil & Gas Ltd. and others) and investments in all other entities at book value. Paramount provides this information because the market values of equity-accounted investments, which are significant assets of the Company, are often materially different than their carrying values. Refer to the Strategic Investments section of the Company's Management's Discussion and Analysis for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 for information on carrying and market values.

Non-GAAP measures should not be considered in isolation or construed as alternatives to their most directly comparable measure calculated in accordance with GAAP, or other measures of financial performance calculated in accordance with GAAP. The Non-GAAP measures are unlikely to be comparable to similar measures presented by other issuers.

Oil and Gas Measures and Definitions

The term "Liquids" means oil, condensate and Other NGLs (ethane, propane and butane).

Abbreviations

Liquids		Natural Ga	Natural Gas	
Bbl Bbl/d MBbl NGLs Condensate	Barrels Barrels per day Thousands of barrels Natural gas liquids Pentane and heavier hydrocarbons	Mcf MMcf MMcf/d MMbtu	Thousands of cubic feet Millions of cubic feet Millions of cubic feet per day Millions of British thermal units	
Oil Equivaler	ıt			
Boe Boe/d	Barrels of oil equivalent Barrels of oil equivalent per day			

Natural gas equivalency volumes have been derived using the ratio of six thousand cubic feet of natural gas to one barrel of oil. Equivalency measures may be misleading, particularly if used in isolation. A conversion ratio of six thousand cubic feet of natural gas to one barrel of oil is based on an energy equivalency conversion method primarily applicable at the burner tip and does not represent a value equivalency at the well head. For the nine months ended September 30, 2017, the value ratio between crude oil and natural gas was approximately 23:1. This value ratio is significantly different from the energy equivalency ratio of 6:1. Using a 6:1 ratio would be misleading as an indication of value.



Management's Discussion and Analysis For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 This Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A"), dated November 8, 2017, should be read in conjunction with the unaudited Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements of Paramount Resources Ltd. ("Paramount" or the "Company") as at and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 and Paramount's audited Consolidated Financial Statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2016. Financial data included in this MD&A has been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS" or "GAAP") and is stated in millions of Canadian dollars, unless otherwise noted. The Company's accounting policies have been applied consistently to all periods presented.

The disclosures in this document include forward-looking information, non-GAAP measures and certain oil and gas measures. Readers are referred to the Advisories section of this document concerning such matters. Certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the current years' presentation. Additional information concerning Paramount, including its Annual Information Form, can be found on the SEDAR website at www.sedar.com.

ABOUT PARAMOUNT

Paramount is an independent, publicly traded, Canadian energy company that explores and develops conventional and unconventional petroleum and natural gas prospects, including long-term unconventional exploration and pre-development projects, and holds a portfolio of investments in other entities. The Company's principal properties are primarily located in Alberta and British Columbia. Paramount's Class A Common Shares ("Common Shares") are listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange under the symbol "POU".

Paramount's operations are grouped into three business segments, which have been established by management to assist in resource allocation, to assess operating performance and to achieve long-term strategic objectives: i) Principal Properties; ii) Strategic Investments; and iii) Corporate.

Principal Properties include the Company's exploration, development, production and marketing operations. Paramount is primarily focused on the development of liquids-rich resource plays targeting the Montney and Duvernay formations in the Alberta Deep Basin and has material resource positions and production in central Alberta and northeast British Columbia.

Strategic Investments include: (i) investments in other entities; (ii) investments in exploration and development stage assets, where there is no near-term expectation of commercial production, but a longer-term value proposition based on spin-outs, dispositions, or future revenue generation, including oil sands and carbonate bitumen interests held by Paramount's wholly-owned subsidiary Cavalier Energy ("Cavalier"), and prospective shale gas acreage in the Liard and Horn River Basins (the "Shale Gas Properties"); and (iii) drilling rigs owned by Paramount's wholly-owned subsidiary, Fox Drilling Limited Partnership ("Fox Drilling").

The Corporate segment is comprised of income and expense items, including general and administrative expense, share-based compensation expense and interest expense, which have not been specifically allocated to Principal Properties or Strategic Investments.

FINANCIAL AND OPERATING HIGHLIGHTS (1)(2)

	Three months ended September 30		Nine mon	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
FINANCIAL				
Petroleum and natural gas sales	116.5	51.7	232.6	216.5
Net income	223.5	1,029.4	289.5	952.9
per share – basic (\$/share)	1.99	9.69	2.68	8.97
per share – diluted (\$/share)	1.97	9.64	2.65	8.97
Funds flow from operations	45.3	3.8	108.6	21.3
per share – basic (\$/share)	0.40	0.04	1.00	0.20
per share – diluted (\$/share)	0.40	0.04	0.99	0.20
Principal Properties Capital (3)	122.0	46.6	380.9	92.9
Investments in other entities – market value (4)	122.0	40.0	56.5	466.7
Total assets			5,020.9	2,130.3
Net debt (cash)			564.3	(385.3)
not dost (odon)			00410	(000.0)
OPERATIONAL				
Sales volumes				
Natural gas (MMcf/d)	177.2	88.6	94.3	124.0
Condensate and oil (Bbl/d)	14,845	5,335	9,801	9,342
Other NGLs (Bbl/d) (5)	4,641	4,687	2,449	8,556
Total (Boe/d)	49,023	24,786	27,971	38,562
FUNDS FLOW FROM OPERATIONS (\$/Boe)				
Petroleum and natural gas sales	25.84	22.66	30.46	20.49
Royalties	(1.11)	(0.02)	(1.03)	(0.20)
Operating expense	(10.59)	(10.96)	(10.45)	(8.15)
Transportation and NGLs processing (6)	(2.74)	(5.56)	(3.49)	(4.94)
Netback	11.40	6.12	15.49	7.20
Commodity contract settlements	1.36	4.78	1.41	3.54
Netback including commodity contract settlements	12.76	10.90	16.90	10.74
General and administrative – corporate	(2.01)	(1.18)	(2.27)	(1.39)
General and administrative – strategic investments	(0.36)	(0.60)	(0.66)	(0.44)
Interest and financing expense	(0.41)	(7.67)	(0.30)	(6.93)
Interest Income	0.22	0.13	0.60	0.04
Other	(0.14)	0.09	(0.05)	_
Funds flow from operations	10.06	1.67	14.22	2.02

⁽¹⁾ Readers are referred to the advisories concerning Non-GAAP measures and Oil and Gas Measures and Definitions in the Advisories section of this document and to the reconciliations of such Non-GAAP measures to their most directly comparable measure under GAAP in the applicable sections of this document. This table contains the following Non-GAAP measures: Funds flow from operations, Principal Properties Capital, Investments in other entities – market value, Net debt (cash) and Netback.

⁽²⁾ The results of operations and net assets of Apache Canada Ltd. are included in Paramount's results following the Apache Canada Acquisition on August 16, 2017.

The results of operations and net assets of Trilogy Energy Corp. are included in Paramount's results following the closing of the Trilogy Merger on September 12, 2017.

⁽³⁾ Principal Properties Capital includes capital expenditures and geological and geophysical costs related to the Company's Principal Properties and excludes land acquisitions.

⁽⁴⁾ Based on the period-end closing prices of publicly-traded investments and the book value of remaining investments.

⁽⁵⁾ Other NGLs means ethane, propane and butane.

⁽⁶⁾ Includes downstream natural gas, NGLs and oil transportation costs and NGLs fractionation costs incurred by the Company.

CONSOLIDATED RESULTS

Net Income

		Three months ended September 30 2017 2016		ths ended nber 30
	2017			2016
Principal Properties	(19.7)	1,215.5	117.9	1,245.5
Strategic Investments	53.4	(15.0)	28.4	(44.7)
Corporate	120.2	(33.7)	106.3	(80.7)
Income tax recovery (expense)	69.6	(137.4)	36.9	(167.2)
Net income	223.5	1,029.4	289.5	952.9

On August 16, 2017, Paramount acquired all of the outstanding shares of Apache Canada Ltd. ("Apache Canada") for total cash consideration of \$486.9 million (the "Apache Canada Acquisition"). Apache Canada was a wholly-owned subsidiary of a publicly traded U.S. based international oil and gas company. Apache Canada's primary oil and gas assets are located at Wapiti, Kaybob and in Central Alberta.

On September 12, 2017, Paramount and Trilogy Energy Corp. ("Trilogy") completed a merger transaction (the "Trilogy Merger") under which Paramount acquired all of the outstanding shares of Trilogy ("Trilogy Shares") not already owned by it in exchange for class A common shares of Paramount ("Common Shares"), on the basis of one Common Share for every 3.75 Trilogy shares. Trilogy was, prior to the completion of the Trilogy Merger, a publicly traded petroleum and natural gas-focused Canadian energy corporation. Trilogy's primary oil and gas assets were located in the Kaybob and Grande Prairie areas of Alberta.

Following completion of the Apache Canada Acquisition, Apache Canada became a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of Paramount and upon completion of the Trilogy Merger, Trilogy became a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of Paramount. Since the closings of the transactions, Paramount has continued its operations, together with the operations of Apache Canada (renamed Paramount Resources (ACL) Ltd.) and Trilogy (renamed Paramount Resources (TEC) Ltd.), on a combined basis.

In April 2016, the Company sold its natural gas processing facilities at Musreau/Kakwa in west central Alberta (the "Musreau Complex") to Pembina. In August 2016, the Company sold the majority of its oil and gas properties at Musreau/Kakwa to Seven Generations Energy Ltd. (the "Musreau Assets"). When used herein, "Musreau Transactions" means the sale of the Musreau Complex and the sale of the Musreau Assets.

Paramount's third quarter 2017 results include the results of operations of Apache Canada from August 16 (46 days), the date the Apache Canada Acquisition closed, and Trilogy's results of operations from September 12, 2017 (19 days), the closing date of the Trilogy Merger.

When used herein, "Ongoing Operations" represents Paramount's total results for the relevant period less amounts attributable to the Musreau Complex and the Musreau Assets.

Certain operating results in respect of Ongoing Operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 have been presented to separate results attributable to Apache Canada following the Apache Canada Acquisition on August 16, 2017, Trilogy following the Trilogy Merger on September 12, 2017 and Paramount's other properties ("PRL").

Paramount recorded net income of \$223.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2017 compared to net income of \$1,029.4 million in the same period in 2016. Significant factors contributing to the change are shown below:

Three months ended September 30	
Net income - 2016	1,029.4
Gain on Apache Canada Acquisition	366.1
 Income tax recovery in 2017 compared to income tax expense in 2016 	207.0
 Revaluation gain on Trilogy Shares owned by Paramount immediately prior to the Trilogy Merger 	61.8
Higher netback	37.5
Lower debt extinguishment expense	18.3
Lower exploration and evaluation expense	15.9
 Lower interest and financing expense due to lower debt in 2017 	15.9
 Lower gain on sale of oil and gas assets in 2017 primarily due to the Musreau Transactions in 2016 	(1,213.7)
ARO Discount Rate Adjustment related to the Apache Canada Acquisition	(223.4)
Higher depletion and depreciation	(65.5)
 Transaction and reorganization costs in 2017 related to the Apache Canada Acquisition and Trilogy Merger 	(9.7)
 Higher general and administrative costs mainly due to the Apache Canada Acquisition and Trilogy Merger 	(6.7)
 Foreign exchange loss in 2017; the 2016 gain mainly related to US\$450 million senior notes 	(6.0)
• Other	(3.4)
Net income – 2017	223.5

Paramount recorded net income of \$289.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 compared to net income of \$952.9 million in the same period in 2016. Significant factors contributing to the change are shown below:

Nine months ended September 30	
Net income – 2016	952.9
Gain on Apache Canada Acquisition	366.1
 Income tax recovery in 2017 compared to income tax expense in 2016 	204.1
 Lower interest and financing expense due to lower debt in 2017 	72.6
 Lower depletion and depreciation primarily due to a \$42.1 million impairment reversal in 2017 	63.9
 Revaluation gain on Trilogy Shares owned by Paramount immediately prior to the Trilogy Merger 	61.8
Higher netback	42.2
Lower debt extinguishment expense	18.3
 Lower share-based compensation expense primarily due to stock options cancelled in 2016 	15.7
Lower exploration and evaluation expense	14.8
 Income from equity-accounted investment in 2017 compared to a loss in 2016 	13.5
Higher gain on commodity contracts in 2017	11.0
 Lower gain on sale of oil and gas assets in 2017 primarily due to the Musreau Transactions in 2016 	(1,256.4)
 ARO Discount Rate adjustment related to the Apache Canada Acquisition 	(223.4)
 Foreign exchange loss in 2017; the 2016 gain mainly related to US\$450 million senior notes 	(44.6)
 Transaction and reorganization costs in 2017 related to the Apache Canada Acquisition and Trilogy Merger 	(14.4)
 Decrease in market value of securities distributed to Paramount's shareholders by way of dividend in January 2017 	(10.5)
Other	1.9
Net income – 2017	289.5

Funds Flow from Operations (1)

The following is a reconciliation of funds flow from operations to the nearest GAAP measure:

		Three months ended September 30		Nine months ended September 30	
	2017	2016	2017	2016	
Cash from operating activities	49.4	9.7	82.9	52.1	
Change in non-cash working capital	(23.7)	(7.8)	(5.7)	(35.5)	
Transaction and reorganization costs	9.7	_	14.4	_	
Geological and geophysical expenses	2.2	1.7	4.5	3.9	
Asset retirement obligations settled	7.7	0.2	12.5	0.8	
Funds flow from operations	45.3	3.8	108.6	21.3	
Funds flow from operations (\$/Boe)	10.06	1.67	14.22	2.02	

⁽¹⁾ Refer to the advisories concerning non-GAAP measures in the Advisories section of this document.

Funds flow from operations for the three months ended September 30, 2017 was \$45.3 million compared to \$3.8 million for the same period in 2016. Significant factors contributing to the change are shown below:

Three months ended September 30	
Funds flow from operations – 2016	3.8
Higher netback	37.5
 Lower interest and financing expense due to lower debt in 2017 	15.6
Higher interest income in 2017	0.7
Higher general and administrative expense	(6.7)
Lower receipts from commodity contract settlements	(4.7)
• Other	(0.9)
Funds flow from operations – 2017	45.3

Funds flow from operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 was \$108.6 million compared to \$21.3 million in the same period in 2016. Significant factors contributing to the change are shown below:

Nine months ended September 30	
Funds flow from operations – 2016	21.3
 Lower interest and financing expense due to lower debt in 2017 	70.9
Higher netback	42.2
Higher interest income in 2017	4.4
Lower receipts from commodity contract settlements	(26.6)
Higher general and administrative expense	(3.0)
• Other	(0.6)
Funds flow from operations – 2017	108.6

PRINCIPAL PROPERTIES

Netback and Segment Income

	Three months ended September 30				Nine months ended September 30			
		2017		2016		2017		2016
		(\$/Boe) ⁽¹⁾		(\$/Boe)(1)		(\$/Boe)(1)		(\$/Boe)(1)
Natural gas revenue	30.9	1.89	21.6	2.65	62.9	2.44	68.6	2.02
Condensate and oil revenue	74.2	54.30	25.1	51.15	152.2	56.90	121.7	47.54
Other NGLs revenue (2)	9.8	23.05	4.8	11.11	15.2	22.59	25.3	10.79
Royalty and sulphur revenue	1.6	_	0.2	-	2.3	_	0.9	_
Petroleum and natural gas sales	116.5	25.84	51.7	22.66	232.6	30.46	216.5	20.49
Royalties	(5.0)	(1.11)	(0.1)	(0.02)	(7.8)	(1.03)	(2.1)	(0.20)
Operating expense	(47.8)	(10.59)	(25.0)	(10.96)	(79.8)	(10.45)	(86.1)	(8.15)
Transportation and NGLs processing (3)	(12.3)	(2.74)	(12.7)	(5.56)	(26.6)	(3.49)	(52.2)	(4.94)
Netback	51.4	11.40	13.9	6.12	118.4	15.49	76.1	7.20
Commodity contract settlements	6.2	1.36	10.9	4.78	10.8	1.41	37.4	3.54
Netback including commodity contract settlements	57.6	12.76	24.8	10.90	129.2	16.90	113.5	10.74
Other principal property items (see below)	(77.3)		1,190.7		(11.3)		1,132.0	
Segment income (loss)	(19.7)		1,215.5		117.9	_	1,245.5	-

⁽¹⁾ Natural gas revenue shown per Mcf.

Petroleum and natural gas sales were \$116.5 million in the third quarter of 2017, an increase of \$64.8 million from the third quarter of 2016. The increase was mainly due to higher sales volumes, partially offset by lower natural gas prices. Petroleum and natural gas sales were \$232.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017, an increase of \$16.1 million compared to the same period of 2016. The increase was mainly due to higher commodity prices, partially offset by lower sales volumes due to the sale of the Musreau Assets in 2016.

The impact of changes in sales volumes and prices on petroleum and natural gas sales are as follows:

		Condensate	Other	Royalty and	
	Natural gas	and oil	NGLs	sulphur	Total
Three months ended September 30, 2016	21.6	25.1	4.8	0.2	51.7
Effect of changes in sales volumes	21.6	44.8	_	_	66.4
Effect of changes in prices	(12.4)	4.3	5.0	_	(3.1)
Change in royalty and sulphur revenue	0.1	_	_	1.4	1.5
Three months ended September 30, 2017	30.9	74.2	9.8	1.6	116.5

		Condensate	Other	Royalty and	
	Natural gas	and oil	NGLs	Sulphur	Total
Nine months ended September 30, 2016	68.6	121.7	25.3	0.9	216.5
Effect of changes in sales volumes	(16.6)	5.5	(18.1)	_	(29.2)
Effect of changes in prices	10.9	25.0	7.9	_	43.8
Change in royalty and sulphur revenue	_	-	0.1	1.4	1.5
Nine months ended September 30, 2017	62.9	152.2	15.2	2.3	232.6

Other NGLs means ethane, propane and butane.

⁽³⁾ Includes downstream natural gas, NGLs and oil transportation costs and NGLs fractionation costs incurred by the Company.

Sales Volumes

					Thre	e months er	nded Sept	tember 30)			
	ı	Natural of (MMcf/o	•	Condensate and Oil (Bbl/d)		Other NGLs (Bbl/d)			Total (Boe/d)			
	2017	2016	% Change	2017	2016	% Change	2017	2016	% Change	2017	2016	% Change
PRL (1)	74.0	47.5	56	10,847	2,378	356	2,111	857	146	25,294	11,148	127
Apache Canada (2)	84.1	_	100	2,555	_	100	2,393	_	100	18,960	-	100
Trilogy (3)	19.1	_	100	1,443	_	100	137	_	100	4,769	-	100
Ongoing	177.2	47.5	273	14,845	2,378	524	4,641	857	442	49,023	11,148	340
Operations												
Musreau Assets	_	41.1	(100)	1	2,957	(100)	-	3,830	(100)	_	13,638	(100)
Total	177.2	88.6	100	14,845	5,335	178	4,641	4,687	(1)	49,023	24,786	98

- (1) Excludes the results of Apache Canada, Trilogy and the Musreau Assets.
- (2) Sales volumes for Apache Canada from August 16, 2017 to September 30, 3017 (46 days).
- (3) Sales volumes for Trilogy from September 12, 2017 to September 30, 3017 (19 days).

Sales volumes increased 98 percent to 49,023 Boe/d in the third quarter of 2017 compared to 24,786 Boe/d in the same period in 2016. The increase was primarily due to incremental sales volumes from Apache Canada and Trilogy for a portion of the third quarter and new production at Karr-Gold Creek, partially offset by lower sales volumes as a result of the sale of the Musreau Assets in 2016.

Natural gas sales volumes for PRL increased 56 percent to 74.0 MMcf/d in the third quarter of 2017. Condensate and oil sales volumes for PRL increased 356 percent to 10,847 Bbl/d in the third quarter of 2017 compared to 2,378 Bbl/d in 2016. Paramount is currently executing a 27 (27.0 net) well horizontal Montney drilling and completion program at Karr-Gold Creek, which commenced in mid-2016 (the "Karr Program"). The increase in PRL sales volumes is primarily due to production from new Karr Program wells brought on production since late-2016.

Sales volumes in August 2017 were impacted by scheduled outages at a downstream third-party processing facility and a third-party natural gas pipeline that shut-in approximately 13,000 Boe/d of production at Karr-Gold Creek for approximately three weeks in August.

Average sales volumes for the fourth quarter of 2017 are expected to exceed 95,000 Boe/d, with greater than 38 percent Liquids volumes. Paramount expects sales volumes to average approximately 100,000 Boe/d in 2018, including 40 percent Liquids volumes. The Company's sales volumes are expected to remain at this level until production at Wapiti begins to ramp up in the spring of 2019 when 150 MMcf/d of new third-party gas processing capacity is scheduled to come on-stream. Operating costs through the 2018 period are estimated to be approximately \$10.00 per Boe. Transportation costs are expected to average \$3.10 per Boe with royalties of approximately \$1.65 per Boe.

		Nine months ended September 30											
		Natural g	jas	Con	Condensate and Oil			Other NGLs			Total		
		(MMcf/c	d)		(Bbl/d)			(Bbl/d)			(Boe/d	1)	
	2017	2016	% Change	2017	2016	% Change	2017	2016	% Change	2017	2016	% Change	
PRL (1)	59.5	49.0	21	8,454	2,600	225	1,597	822	94	19,975	11,583	72	
Apache Canada (2)	28.3	_	100	861	_	100	807	_	100	6,389	_	100	
Trilogy (3)	6.5	_	100	486	_	100	45	-	100	1,607	_	100	
Ongoing	94.3	49.0	92	9,801	2,600	277	2,449	822	198	27,971	11,583	141	
Operations													
Musreau Assets	_	75.0	(100)	_	6,742	(100)	_	7,734	(100)	_	26,979	(100)	
Total	94.3	124.0	(24)	9,801	9,342	5	2,449	8,556	(71)	27,971	38,562	(27)	

- (1) Excludes the results of Apache Canada, Trilogy and the Musreau Assets.
- (2) Sales volumes for Apache Canada from August 16, 2017 to September 30, 3017 (46 days).
- (3) Sales volumes for Trilogy from September 12, 2017 to September 30, 3017 (19 days).

Sales volumes for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 decreased 27 percent to 27,971 Boe/d compared to 38,562 Boe/d in the same period in 2016. The decrease was primarily due to sale of the Musreau Assets in 2016, partially offset by new production at Karr-Gold Creek and incremental sales volumes resulting from the Apache Canada Acquisition and the Trilogy Merger.

Commodity Prices

		e months September		Nine months ended September 30			
	2017	2016	% Change	2017	2016	% Change	
Natural Gas							
Paramount realized price (\$/Mcf)	1.89	2.65	(29)	2.44	2.02	21	
AECO daily spot (\$/GJ)	1.38	2.19	(37)	2.19	1.76	24	
AECO monthly index (\$/GJ)	1.93	2.09	(8)	2.47	1.76	40	
Malin (US\$/MMbtu)	2.53	2.69	(6)	2.83	2.18	30	
Crude Oil							
Paramount average realized condensate & oil price (\$/Bbl)	54.30	51.15	6	56.90	47.54	20	
Edmonton Light Sweet (\$/Bbl)	57.15	54.19	5	60.54	50.14	21	
West Texas Intermediate (US\$/BbI)	48.20	44.94	7	49.46	41.33	20	
Foreign Exchange \$CDN / 1 \$US	1.25	1.31	(5)	1.31	1.32	(1)	

Paramount's average realized natural gas price increased 21 percent for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 compared to the same period in 2016, consistent with increases in benchmark prices. The Company's average realized condensate and oil price increased 20 percent in the nine months ended September 2017 compared to the same period in 2016, also consistent with increases in benchmark prices.

Paramount's natural gas portfolio primarily consists of sales priced at the Alberta, California and Chicago markets and is sold in a combination of daily and monthly contracts. The Company has arrangements in place to sell approximately 21,000 GJ/d of natural gas in California at prices based on the \$US Malin hub price. The Company has also recently secured firm service transportation capacity for approximately 60,000 GJ/d of natural gas for delivery to the Dawn natural gas hub in Ontario beginning in November 2017, which provides access to eastern natural gas markets.

Paramount sells its condensate volumes in both stabilized and unstabilized condition, depending upon the location of production and the availability of stabilization capacity. Stabilized condensate volumes delivered through pipelines typically receive prices for condensate quoted at Edmonton, which are generally higher than prices for unstabilized condensate volumes, and are adjusted for applicable transportation, quality and density differentials. Prices for unstabilized condensate volumes trucked to terminals are based on crude oil or condensate prices quoted at Edmonton, depending on the terminal to which volumes are delivered, and are adjusted for transportation, quality and density differentials.

Commodity Price Management

From time-to-time Paramount uses financial commodity price contracts to manage exposure to commodity price volatility. At September 30, 2017, the Company had the following financial commodity contracts outstanding:

Instruments	Aggregate notional	Average fixed price	FairValue	Remaining term
Gas - NYMEX Swaps (Sale)	80,000 MMBtu/d	US\$3.42/MMBtu	3.5	October 2017 - December 2017
Gas – NYMEX Swaps (Sale)	20,000 MMBtu/d	US\$3.37/MMBtu	0.2	October 2017
Gas - NYMEX Swaps (Purchase)	40,000 MMBtu/d	US\$3.13/MMBtu	(0.4)	October 2017 – December 2017
Oil - NYMEX WTI Swaps (Sale)	4,000 Bbl/d	CDN\$70.80/Bbl	2.2	October 2017 – December 2017
Oil - NYMEX WTI Swap (Sale)	2,000 Bbl/d	US\$54.48/Bbl	0.7	October 2017 – December 2017
Oil – NYMEX WTI Collar	1,000 Bbl/d	US\$40.00 - \$55.20/Bbl	(0.1)	October 2017 – December 2017
		_	6.1	

Subsequent to September 30, 2017, the Company entered into the following financial commodity contracts:

Instruments	Aggregate notional	Average fixed price	Term
Oil - NYMEX WTI Swaps (Sale)	10,000 Bbl/d	CDN\$69.84/Bbl	January 2018 - December 2018

Royalties

	Three months ended September 30				Nine months ended September 30			
	2017	Rate	2016	Rate	2017	Rate	2016	Rate
Royalties	5.0	4.4%	0.1	0.2%	7.8	3.4%	2.1	1.0%
\$/Boe	1.11		0.02		1.03		0.20	

Third quarter royalties were \$5.0 million in 2017 compared to \$0.1 million in the same period in 2016. Royalties for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 were \$7.8 million compared to \$2.1 million in the same period in 2016. Royalties for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 increased as a result of increased production at Karr-Gold Creek and the impact of the Apache Canada Acquisition and the Trilogy Merger, partially offset by lower royalties due to the sale of the Musreau Assets in 2016. Royalty rates for Apache Canada and Trilogy are higher than Paramount's average royalty rates prior to the transactions, resulting in an increase to overall royalty rates for the Company in 2017.

Royalties for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 were reduced by \$3.0 million due to annual gas cost allowance adjustments related to 2015.

Operating Expense

	_	e months e September 3		Nine months ended September 30			
	2017	2016	% Change	2017	2016	% Change	
Operating expense	47.8	25.0	91	79.8	86.1	(7)	
\$/Boe	10.59	10.96	(3)	10.45	8.15	28	

Operating expense was \$47.8 million in the third quarter of 2017, \$22.8 million higher than the same period in 2016. Third quarter operating expenses were higher in 2017 as a result of the impact of the Apache Canada Acquisition and the Trilogy Merger and higher higher water handling costs and natural gas processing fees associated with higher production at Karr-Gold Creek, partially offset by the impact of the Musreau Transactions in 2016.

Operating expense decreased by \$6.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 to \$79.8 million compared to \$86.1 million in the same period in 2016. This decrease was primarily due to the impact of the Musreau Transactions in 2016, partially offset by higher operating expenses in 2017 as a result of the Apache Canada Acquisition and Trilogy Merger and higher production at Karr-Gold Creek.

Transportation and NGLs Processing

		e months ei eptember 3		Nine months ended September 30			
	2017	2016	% Change	2017	2016	% Change	
Transportation and NGLs processing	12.3	12.7	(3)	26.6	52.2	(49)	
\$/Boe	2.74	5.56	(51)	3.49	4.94	(29)	

Transportation and NGLs processing was \$12.3 million in the third quarter of 2017, a decrease of \$0.4 million compared to the third quarter of 2016. Transportation and NGLs processing for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 decreased \$25.6 million to \$26.6 million compared to \$52.2 million in the same period of 2016.

Transportation and NGLs processing decreased compared to 2016 primarily as a result of the sale of the Musreau Assets in 2016, partially offset by higher current year trucking costs at Karr-Gold Creek due to increased Liquids production and the impact of the Apache Canada Acquisition and the Trilogy Merger. Paramount expects the majority of Liquids production at Karr-Gold Creek to be trucked until mid-2018, when the expansion of condensate stabilization capacity at a third-party facility is completed. The Company has contracted a dedicated fleet of trucks and 24-hour logistical services over this period to provide egress for Liquids production.

Other Principal Property Items

	Three months September		Nine months ended September 30		
	2017	2016	2017	2016	
Commodity contracts – net of settlements	(9.5)	(8.5)	6.7	(30.9)	
Depletion and depreciation	(86.7)	(23.0)	(160.5)	(183.9)	
Reversal of prior-years' write-downs	_		42.1	_	
Exploration and evaluation	(2.1)	(16.7)	(6.9)	(20.5)	
Accretion of asset retirement obligations	(4.7)	(0.9)	(6.4)	(3.3)	
Gain on sale of oil and gas assets	25.6	1,239.3	113.5	1,370.3	
Other	0.1	0.5	0.2	0.3	
Total – other principal property items	(77.3)	1,190.7	(11.3)	1,132.0	

Depletion and depreciation expense increased to \$86.7 million (\$19.22 per Boe) for the three months ended September 30, 2017 compared to \$23.0 million (\$10.09 per Boe) in the same period in 2016, primarily due to higher sales volumes and higher depletion rates in 2017. Depletion and depreciation expense decreased to \$160.5 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2017 compared to \$183.9 million in the same period in 2016, primarily as a result of the Musreau Transactions.

In May 2017, Paramount closed the sale of its oil and gas properties in the Valhalla area of Alberta (the "Valhalla Assets") for gross cash proceeds of \$151.3 million, resulting in the recognition of a gain on sale of \$82.2 million. A reversal of previously recorded impairment charges of \$42.1 million was recorded for the three months ended March 31, 2017, representing the amount required to increase the carrying value of the Valhalla Assets to the amount that would have been determined, net of depletion and amortization, had no impairment charges been recognized in prior periods. The Valhalla Assets encompassed approximately 94 (74 net) sections of land and had average sales volumes of approximately 1,400 Boe/d in 2017 prior to being sold.

In August 2016, Paramount sold the Musreau Assets and recorded a gain on sale of \$1,233.6 million. In April 2016, Paramount sold the Musreau Complex and recorded a gain of \$125.9 million.

STRATEGIC INVESTMENTS

	Three months ended September 30		Nine months Septembe	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
General and administrative	(1.6)	(1.4)	(5.1)	(4.6)
Share-based compensation	(1.0)	(0.5)	(2.9)	(5.3)
Depletion and depreciation	(2.8)	(0.9)	(5.5)	(3.9)
Interest and financing	_	(0.7)	_	(2.7)
Revaluation of Trilogy Shares	61.8	-	61.8	_
Income (loss) from equity-accounted investments	(3.0)	(2.8)	1.9	(11.6)
Write-down of investments in securities	_	(4.6)	(11.0)	(11.1)
Decrease in market value of securities distributed	_	-	(10.5)	_
Other	_	(4.1)	(0.3)	(5.6)
Segment income (loss)	53.4	(15.0)	28.4	(44.8)

Strategic Investments at September 30, 2017 include:

- investments in the shares of MEG Energy Corp. ("MEG"), Blackbird Energy Inc. ("Blackbird"), Marquee Energy Ltd. ("Marquee"), RMP Energy Inc. ("RMP Energy"), Strategic Oil & Gas Ltd. ("SOG"), and other public and private corporations;
- oil sands and carbonate bitumen interests owned by Cavalier, including at Hoole, in the western portion
 of the Athabasca Oil Sands region, and carbonate bitumen holdings in northeast Alberta;
- seven triple-sized drilling rigs, including four built-for-purpose walking rigs, owned and operated by Fox Drilling; and
- Shale Gas Properties in the Liard and Horn River Basins in northeast British Columbia and the Northwest Territories.

The carrying value of the 19.1 million Trilogy shares held by Paramount immediately prior to the Trilogy Merger was increased to fair value, resulting in the recognition of a gain of \$61.8 million.

The aggregate write-downs of investments in securities of \$11.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and \$11.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 resulted from decreases in the market value of certain of the Company's publicly traded investments.

In December 2016, the Company's Board of Directors declared a dividend of the Company's remaining 3.8 million class A common shares of Seven Generations Energy Ltd. ("7Gen Shares") to holders of record of Paramount's Common Shares on January 9, 2017. The decrease in the fair value of the 7Gen Shares of \$10.5 million between the acquisition date and the date of the dividend, January 16, 2017, was reclassified to net income from accumulated other comprehensive income in respect of the distribution of the 7Gen Shares.

Investments

Paramount holds investments in a number of publicly-traded and private corporations as part of its portfolio of Strategic Investments. These investments, including MEG, were primarily received as consideration for properties sold to the entities. Paramount's investments are summarized as follows:

	Carryin	Carrying Value		Value ⁽¹⁾
As at	September 30, 2017	September 30, 2016	September 30, 2017	September 30, 2016
Seven Generations	_	277.9	_	277.9
Trilogy (2)	_	46.8	_	138.0
MEG	20.3	21.9	20.3	21.9
Other (3)	36.2	28.9	36.2	28.9
Total	56.5	375.5	56.5	466.7

Based on the period-end closing price of publicly traded investments and the book value of remaining investments.

²⁾ On September 12, 2017, Paramount acquired all of the outstanding Trilogy Shares not already owned by it pursuant to the Trilogy Merger. As a result, no carrying value or market value is shown as at September 30, 2017 as Trilogy is now a wholly-owned subsidiary of Paramount and its results of operations and net assets have been reflected in Paramount's consolidated financial statements.

⁽³⁾ Includes investments in Blackbird, Marquee, RMP Energy, SOG and other public and private corporations.

CORPORATE

		Three months ended September 30		ns ended ber 30
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Interest and financing expense	(1.9)	(17.1)	(2.3)	(72.2)
Debt extinguishment	_	(18.3)		(18.3)
General and administrative	(9.1)	(2.7)	(17.3)	(14.7)
Share-based compensation	(2.0)	(0.9)	(5.6)	(18.8)
Foreign exchange	(0.5)	5.5	(0.7)	43.9
Interest income	1.0	0.3	4.6	0.2
Transaction and reorganization costs	(9.7)	-	(14.4)	_
Gain on Apache Canada Acquisition	366.1	-	366.1	_
ARO Discount Rate Adjustment	(223.4)	-	(223.4)	_
Other	(0.3)	(0.5)	(0.7)	(8.0)
Segment income (loss)	120.2	(33.7)	106.3	(80.7)

Corporate segment income was \$120.2 million in the third quarter of 2017 compared to a loss of \$33.7 million in the same period in 2016. The Corporate segment income for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 was \$106.3 million compared to a loss of \$80.7 million in the same period in 2016. The segment income recorded in 2017 is primarily due to non-recurring amounts related to the Apache Canada Acquisition.

The \$366.1 million gain recognized in respect of the Apache Canada Acquisition is substantially attributable to the undiscounted nature of the deferred tax asset recognized in the purchase allocation. Asset retirement obligations in respect of Apache Canada and Trilogy were initially recognized based on a credit adjusted discount rate and subsequently re-measured in accordance with Paramount's accounting policy to reflect the discounting of such amounts using a risk-free discount rate (the "ARO Discount Rate Adjustment"). The ARO Discount Rate Adjustment resulted in a increase to the carrying value of property, plant and equipment, except for properties with a nil carrying value, where the corresponding amount related to the ARO Discount Rate Adjustment was recorded as a charge to net income. As a result of the ARO Discount Rate Adjustment, a charge of \$223.4 million was recorded in net income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017.

Interest and financing expense was \$2.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017, a decrease of \$69.9 million from the same period in 2016, as a result of lower debt balances. Interest income of \$4.6 million was earned for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 on cash and cash equivalents balances.

General and administrative expenses were higher in 2017 primarily as a result of the impact of the Apache Canada Acquisition. Share-based compensation expense in 2016 included \$13.8 million related to options cancelled in the second quarter of 2016.

The foreign exchange gain for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 mainly related to the US\$450 million aggregate principal amount of senior unsecured notes due 2023, which were outstanding until August 2016. Transaction and reorganization costs in 2017 relate to costs incurred in respect of the Apache Canada Acquisition and the Trilogy Merger.

EXPLORATION AND CAPITAL EXPENDITURES

	Three months ended September 30			ths ended nber 30
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Geological and geophysical	2.0	1.0	3.7	2.9
Drilling, completion and tie-ins	98.6	45.5	326.4	80.2
Facilities and gathering	21.4	0.1	50.8	9.8
Principal Properties Capital (1)	122.0	46.6	380.9	92.9
Land and property acquisitions	4.2	0.1	7.3	10.9
Principal Properties including land & property acquisitions	126.2	46.7	388.2	103.8
Strategic Investments	0.3	1.6	1.7	21.5
Corporate	0.4	0.3	0.9	0.8
	126.9	48.6	390.8	126.1

⁽¹⁾ Principal Properties Capital includes capital expenditures and geological and geophysical costs related to the Company's Principal Properties, excluding land and property acquisitions.

Principal Properties Capital was \$122.0 million in the third quarter of 2017 compared to \$46.6 million in the same period in 2016, including \$16.4 million related to Apache Canada and \$5.3 million related to Trilogy. Principal Properties Capital was \$380.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 compared to \$92.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016.

Expenditures in 2017 were mainly related to drilling and completion programs at Karr-Gold Creek, Resthaven and Birch and the 6-18 compression and dehydration facility (the "06-18 Facility") expansion at Karr-Gold Creek.

Development activities in 2017 have been mainly focused on the Karr Program and the expansion of the 06-18 Facility. All 27(27.0 net) wells from the Karr Program have been drilled and 21 of the wells have been completed and brought on production. The remaining six wells in the Karr Program are expected to be completed by the end of 2017. In April 2017, Paramount completed the expansion of the 06-18 Facility, doubling its capacity to 80 MMcf/d. The total cost of the expansion was approximately \$40 million.

At Resthaven, the 2016/17 program includes five (4.5 net) Cretaceous wells and one (1.0 net) Montney well. Because of the exploratory nature of this program, drilling operations took longer than planned, resulting in approximately \$10 million of additional drilling costs. The Company has completed the Montney well, drilled in the northern portion of the Resthaven property, and brought it on production. This Montney well was completed with a similar design to the Karr Program wells and the Company is currently evaluating initial production results.

At the Kaybob South Duvernay property, the Company completed a new six (3.1 net) well pad that had been drilled by Apache Canada prior to the closing of the Apache Canada Acquisition and brought it on production.

At the non-operated Birch property in northeast British Columbia drilling operations have concluded for the year, with ten (5.0 net) Montney wells being rig released. Five of the wells have been completed and brought on production and two are in the process of being completed. All of the wells are expected to be completed by the end of the year, except for one well which was drilled for land retention. The expansion of the Birch compression and dehydration facility to 40 MMcf/d (20 MMcf/d net) was completed in the third quarter of 2017.

Paramount expects capital expenditures in the fourth quarter of 2017 to total approximately \$130 million, resulting in full-year Principal Properties Capital expenditures for 2017 of approximately \$510 million. The Company has increased planned spending for 2017 by approximately \$40 million to accelerate the completion of the 02-01 five-well Montney pad at Karr-Gold Creek, which was originally scheduled to be completed in 2018. Approximately 50 percent of the \$130 million of capital expenditures the Company expects to incur in the fourth quarter of 2017 are related to the planned 2018 development program and include lease construction, drilling operations and ordering of long-lead items.

Capital expenditures for 2018 are expected to be approximately \$600 million including maintenance, optimization and exploration expenses, excluding acquisitions or divestitures. In addition, the Company intends to spend approximately \$28 million on abandonment and suspension activities in 2018.

Wells drilled were as follows:

		nths ended nber 30		onths ended ember 30
	2017	2016	2017	2016
	Gross (1) Net (2)	Gross (1) Net (2)	Gross (1) Net (2)	Gross (1) Net (2)
Natural gas	5 3	2 2	33 28	3 3
Total	5 3	2 2	33 28	3 3

⁽¹⁾ Gross is the number of wells in which Paramount has a working interest or a royalty interest that may be converted to a working interest. Excludes wells drilled on lands associated with the Musreau Assets.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Paramount manages its capital structure to support current and future business plans and periodically adjusts the structure in response to changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the Company's assets and operations. Paramount may adjust its capital structure by issuing or repurchasing shares, altering debt levels, modifying capital spending programs, acquiring or disposing of assets, and participating in joint ventures, the availability of any such means being dependent upon market conditions.

Net Debt (Cash) (1)

	September 30, 2017	December 31, 2016	September 30, 2016
Cash and cash equivalents	(91.1)	(621.9)	(313.4)
Accounts receivable	(123.6)	(23.9)	(430.2)
Prepaid expenses and other	(10.7)	(1.7)	(3.1)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	266.6	81.6	74.8
Adjusted working capital deficit (surplus) (2)	41.2	(565.9)	(671.9)
Paramount Facility	60.0	_	_
Trilogy Facility	156.3	_	_
Trilogy 2019 Senior Notes	306.8	_	286.6
Net Debt (Cash)	564.3	(565.9)	(385.3)

⁽¹⁾ Refer to the advisories concerning non-GAAP measures in the Advisories section of this document.

The change in net debt (cash) from December 31, 2016 to September 30, 2017 is primarily due to the payment of the purchase price for the Apache Canada Acquisition, capital expenditures, the assumption of Trilogy's 7½ percent senior unsecured notes due December 2019 (the "Trilogy 2019 Senior Notes") and

⁽²⁾ Net is the aggregate number of wells obtained by multiplying each gross well by Paramount's percentage of working interest. Excludes wells drilled on lands associated with the Musreau Assets.

⁽²⁾ Adjusted working capital excludes risk management assets and liabilities, investments in securities for distribution and related dividend payable (December 31, 2016 - \$119.0 million) and the current portion of asset retirement obligations.

amounts drawn on Trilogy's bank credit facility, partially offset by proceeds from sales of oil and gas assets and funds flow from operations. Paramount expects to fund its operations, obligations and capital expenditures for the remainder of 2017 with funds flow from operations and available capacity under its bank credit facility.

Trilogy Facility

As of September 30, 2017, Trilogy had a \$285 million senior secured revolving credit facility with a syndicate of Canadian banks (the "Trilogy Facility"). The Trilogy Facility was secured by a charge over the assets of Trilogy.

In November 2017, the Trilogy Facility was repaid in full and cancelled.

Paramount Facility

In November 2017, Paramount's senior secured revolving bank credit facility was increased to \$700 million and was changed from a reserves-based structure to a financial covenant-based structure (the "Paramount Facility"). In addition, the tenure of the Paramount Facility was changed from a "one plus one" extendible facility to a "four year" extendible facility.

The maturity date of the Paramount Facility is currently November 6, 2021, which may be extended from time-to-time at the option of Paramount and with the agreement of the lenders. At Paramount's request, the size of the Paramount Facility may be further increased by up to \$300 million pursuant to an accordion feature in the facility, subject to securing incremental lender commitments.

Borrowings under the Paramount Facility bear interest at the lenders' prime lending rate, US base rate, bankers' acceptance rates, or LIBOR rates, as selected at the discretion of the Company, plus an applicable margin which is dependent upon the Company's Senior Secured Debt to Consolidated EBITDA ratio. The Paramount Facility is secured by a charge over substantially all of the assets of Paramount, excluding the assets of Cavalier and Fox Drilling. The assets of Trilogy are also excluded from the security on an interim basis until not later than March 2, 2018.

Paramount is subject to the following two financial covenants under the Paramount Facility, tested at the end of each fiscal quarter:

- i. Senior Secured Debt to Consolidated EBITDA to be 3.00 to 1.00 or less (or 3.50 to 1.00 or less for two fiscal quarters after completion of a material acquisition); and
- ii. Consolidated EBITDA to Consolidated Interest Expense to be 2.50 to 1.00 or greater.

Senior Secured Debt currently consists of amounts drawn under the Paramount Facility and outstanding letters of credit.

Consolidated EBITDA is determined on a trailing twelve month basis, is adjusted for material acquisitions and dispositions, and is generally calculated as net income before Consolidated Interest Expense, taxes, depletion, depreciation, amortization, impairment and exploration and evaluation expense and is also adjusted to exclude non-recurring items and other non-cash items including unrealized mark-to-market amounts on derivatives, unrealized foreign exchange, share-based compensation expense and accretion.

Consolidated Interest Expense is reduced by any interest income and other customary exclusions and is calculated on a trailing twelve month basis.

Paramount is in compliance with the covenants under the Paramount Facility.

At November 6, 2017, following repayment of the Trilogy Facility, \$315.0 million was drawn on the Paramount Facility. Paramount had undrawn letters of credit outstanding totaling \$34.7 million at November 6, 2017 that reduce the amount available to be drawn on the facility.

Trilogy 2019 Senior Notes

Trilogy has outstanding \$300 million principal amount of senior unsecured notes due 2019. The Trilogy 2019 Senior Notes bear interest at 7½ percent per annum, payable semi-annually in arrears on June 13 and December 13 of each year, and mature on December 13, 2019.

The Trilogy 2019 Senior Notes are direct senior unsecured obligations of Trilogy. The Trilogy 2019 Senior Notes are redeemable in whole or in part at par, plus accrued and unpaid interest to the date of redemption, plus a redemption premium, if applicable, which varies based on the date of redemption.

At September 30, 2017, the Trilogy 2019 Senior Notes had a market value of 102.0 percent of their principal amount. The market value of the Trilogy 2019 Senior Notes were estimated using a market approach based on prices quoted from financial institutions, which are level two fair value hierarchy inputs.

Shareholders' Equity

	September 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
Share capital	2,248.6	1,639.5
Retained earnings (accumulated deficit)	156.5	(152.2)
Reserves	141.6	147.5
Total shareholders' equity	2,546.7	1,634.8

Share Capital

In September 2017, Paramount issued 28,537,134 Common Shares pursuant to the Trilogy Merger.

On October 13, 2016, Paramount implemented a normal course issuer bid ("NCIB") under which the Company could purchase up to 5,441,602 Common Shares for cancellation. In 2016, the Company purchased and cancelled 622,900 Common Shares at a total cost of \$9.7 million under the NCIB. The NCIB expired on October 12, 2017.

At November 6, 2017, Paramount had 134,937,241 Common Shares outstanding and 5,747,740 options to acquire Common Shares outstanding, of which 948,360 options are exercisable.

QUARTERLY INFORMATION

	2017			2016				2015
	Q3	Q2	Q1	Q4	Q3	Q2	Q1	Q4
Petroleum and natural gas sales	116.5	61.3	54.7	32.3	51.7	73.6	91.2	91.3
Net income (loss)	223.5	45.3	20.7	212.4	1,029.4	(30.6)	(46.0)	(599.0)
Per share – basic (\$/share)	1.99	0.43	0.20	2.01	9.69	(0.29)	(0.43)	(5.64)
Per share – diluted (\$/share)	1.97	0.42	0.19	1.99	9.64	(0.29)	(0.43)	(5.64)
Funds flow from operations	45.3	35.2	28.0	14.3	3.8	(4.9)	22.4	21.0
Per share – basic (\$/share)	0.40	0.33	0.26	0.14	0.04	(0.05)	0.21	0.20
Per share – diluted (\$/share)	0.40	0.33	0.26	0.13	0.04	(0.05)	0.21	0.20
Sales volumes								
Natural gas (MMcf/d)	177.2	53.0	51.4	47.5	88.6	129.8	153.9	157.8
Condensate and oil (Bbl/d)	14,845	8,118	6,348	2,943	5,335	9,490	13,245	9,991
Other NGLs (Bbl/d)	4,641	1,414	1,255	1,046	4,687	9,764	11,259	9,175
Total (Boe/d)	49,023	18,367	16,163	11,901	24,786	40,890	50,161	45,466
Average realized price								
Natural gas (\$/Mcf)	1.89	3.24	3.55	3.10	2.65	1.49	2.09	2.57
Condensate and oil (\$/Bbl)	54.30	57.95	61.75	60.49	51.15	52.83	42.28	46.60
Other NGLs (\$/Bbl)	23.05	20.09	23.69	22.16	11.11	11.19	10.31	12.59
Total (\$/Boe)	25.84	36.69	37.61	29.52	22.66	19.79	19.98	21.82

Significant Items Impacting Quarterly Results

Quarterly earnings variances include the impacts of changing production volumes and market prices.

- Third quarter 2017 earnings include a \$366.1 million gain related to the Apache Canada Acquisition, a \$223.4 million charge related to the ARO Discount Rate Adjustment and a \$61.8 million gain related to a fair value adjustment in respect of the Trilogy Shares held prior to the Trilogy Merger.
- Second quarter 2017 earnings include an \$80.9 million gain on the sale of oil and gas assets primarily related to the sale of the Valhalla Assets.
- First quarter 2017 earnings include a \$42.1 million reversal of impairments of oil and gas assets recorded in prior years related to the Valhalla Assets and a \$10.5 million loss on the distribution of 3.8 million 7Gen Shares to Paramount shareholders by way of dividend.
- Fourth quarter 2016 earnings include a \$133.2 million reversal of impairments of oil and gas assets recorded in prior years, a \$99.2 million gain recorded in respect of the royalty granted by Cavalier and the recognition of \$61.0 million of previously unrecognized deferred tax assets.
- Third quarter 2016 earnings include the impact of the sale of the Musreau Assets, including a \$1.2 billion gain on sale, lower depletion and depreciation expense, higher income tax expense and lower netback.
- Second quarter 2016 earnings include a \$131.8 million gain on the sale of oil and gas assets primarily
 in respect of the sale of the Musreau Complex, partially offset by \$17.7 million of share-based
 compensation expense.
- First quarter 2016 earnings include a foreign exchange gain of \$40.3 million and a \$13.7 million gain on commodity contracts.

• Fourth quarter 2015 earnings include \$241.5 million of aggregate impairment write-downs of property, plant and equipment, \$184.1 million of impairment write-offs of exploration and evaluation assets and deferred tax expense of \$66.3 million.

OTHER INFORMATION

Contractual Obligations

Paramount had the following contractual obligations at September 30, 2017:

	Within 1 year	After one year but not more than three years	After three years but not more than five years	More than five years	Total
Paramount Facility (1)	_	60.0	_	_	60.0
Trilogy Facility (1)	_	156.3	_	_	156.3
Trilogy 2019 Senior Notes (2)	21.7	327.2	_	_	348.9
Transportation and processing commitments (3)	127.6	266.6	329.4	615.5	1,339.1
Asset retirement obligations (4)	25.2	82.4	86.2	1,554.2	1,748.0
Operating leases and other (5)	17.2	24.7	6.7	0.6	49.2
	191.7	917.2	422.3	2,170.3	3,701.5

- (1) Excluding interest.
- 2) Including interest.
- (3) Certain of the transportation and processing commitments are secured by outstanding letters of credit totaling \$22 million at September 30, 2017 (December 31, 2016 \$5.1 million).
- (4) Asset retirement obligations estimated as at September 30, 2017. Estimated costs and timing of settlement are revised from time-to-time based on new information.
- (5) Future lease commitments for corporate office space have been reduced by sublease revenue and a market rate adjustment provision recognized in ACL's purchase price allocation.

Transportation and processing commitments mainly relate to long-term firm service arrangements for the processing of natural gas and the transportation of natural gas and Liquids.

Contingencies

In the normal course of Paramount's operations, the Company may become involved in, named as a party to, or be the subject of, various legal proceedings, including regulatory proceedings, tax proceedings and legal actions. The outcome of outstanding, pending or future proceedings cannot be predicted with certainty and may be determined adversely to the Company and as a result, could have a material adverse effect on the Company. Even if Paramount prevails in any such legal proceedings, they could be costly and time-consuming and divert the attention of management and key personnel from the Company's core business operations.

Tax and royalty legislation and regulations, and government interpretation and administration thereof, continually changes. As a result, there are often tax and royalty matters under review by relevant government authorities. All tax and royalty filings are subject to subsequent government audit and potential reassessments. Accordingly, the final amounts may differ materially from amounts estimated and recorded.

In 2016, a release occurred from a non-operated pipeline in which the Company owns a 50 percent interest. The operator, and owner of the remaining 50 percent, has initiated response, containment and remediation activities ("Response Activities"). Total costs to complete the Response Activities are estimated at approximately \$60 million. It is Paramount's assessment that it is not responsible for the costs of the Response Activities and as a result, no provision has been recorded in the Company's financial statements.

CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

There were no new or amended accounting standards adopted by the Company for the nine months ended September 30, 2017. A description of accounting standards that will be effective in the future is included in the notes to the Company's audited Consolidated Financial Statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2016.

INTERNAL CONTROLS OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

There have been no significant changes to the Company's internal control over financial reporting ("ICFR") during the period beginning on July 1, 2017 and ended September 30, 2017 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's ICFR.

Paramount closed the Apache Canada Acquisition on August 16, 2017 and the Trilogy Merger on September 12, 2017. Management has limited the scope of their design of disclosure controls and procedures ("DC&P") and ICFR to exclude the controls, policies and procedures of Apache Canada and Trilogy, pursuant to Section 3.3(1)(b) of National Instrument 52-109. Amounts in respect of Apache Canada and Trilogy included in Paramount's interim consolidated financial statements as at and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 3017 are as follows:

	Apache Canada	Trilogy
Revenue	31.7	9.9
Current Assets	86.4	33.6
Total Assets	2,063.7	1,553.4
Current Liabilities	86.8	66.9
Total Liabilities	1,388.3	848.2

Management is currently evaluating and integrating Apache Canada's and Trilogy's controls, policies and procedures with Paramount's DC&P and ICFR and expects to complete the integration in 2018.

ADVISORIES

Forward-looking Information

Certain statements in this document constitute forward-looking information under applicable securities legislation. Forward-looking information typically contains statements with words such as "anticipate", "believe", "estimate", "will", "expect", "plan", "schedule", "intend", "propose", or similar words suggesting future outcomes or an outlook. Forward-looking information in this document includes, but is not limited to:

- projected production and sales volumes (including the Liquids component thereof);
- forecast capital expenditures, royalties, operating costs, abandonment and suspension costs, and transportation costs;
- exploration, development, and associated operational plans and strategies (including planned drilling and completion programs, well tie-ins, and facility expansions, and the anticipated timing thereof) and the Company's anticipated sources of funds to carry out such plans and strategies; and
- general business strategies and objectives.

Such forward-looking information is based on a number of assumptions which may prove to be incorrect. Assumptions have been made with respect to the following matters, in addition to any other assumptions identified in this document:

- future natural gas and Liquids prices;
- royalty rates, taxes and capital, operating, general & administrative and other costs;
- foreign currency exchange rates and interest rates;
- general business, economic and market conditions;
- the ability of Paramount to obtain the required capital to finance its exploration, development and other operations and meet its commitments and financial obligations;
- the ability of Paramount to obtain equipment, services, supplies and personnel in a timely manner and at an acceptable cost to carry out its activities;
- the ability of Paramount to secure adequate product processing, transportation, de-ethanization, fractionation, and storage capacity on acceptable terms;
- the ability of Paramount to market its natural gas and Liquids successfully to current and new customers;
- the ability of Paramount and its industry partners to obtain drilling success (including in respect of anticipated production volumes, reserves additions, Liquids yields and resource recoveries) and operational improvements, efficiencies and results consistent with expectations;
- the timely receipt of required governmental and regulatory approvals; and
- anticipated timelines and budgets being met in respect of drilling programs and other operations (including well completions and tie-ins and the construction, commissioning and start-up of new and expanded facilities).

Although Paramount believes that the expectations reflected in such forward-looking information is reasonable, undue reliance should not be placed on them as Paramount can give no assurance that such expectations will prove to be correct. Forward-looking information is based on expectations, estimates and projections that involve a number of risks and uncertainties which could cause actual results to differ materially from those anticipated by Paramount and described in the forward-looking information. The material risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to:

- fluctuations in natural gas and Liquids prices;
- changes in foreign currency exchange rates and interest rates;
- the uncertainty of estimates and projections relating to future revenue, future production, reserve additions, Liquids yields (including condensate to natural gas ratios), resource recoveries, royalty rates, taxes and costs and expenses;
- the ability to secure adequate product processing, transportation, de-ethanization, fractionation, and storage capacity on acceptable terms;
- operational risks in exploring for, developing and producing, natural gas and Liquids;
- the ability to obtain equipment, services, supplies and personnel in a timely manner and at an acceptable cost;
- potential disruptions, delays or unexpected technical or other difficulties in designing, developing, expanding or operating new, expanded or existing facilities (including third-party facilities);
- processing, pipeline, de-ethanization, and fractionation infrastructure outages, disruptions and constraints;
- risks and uncertainties involving the geology of oil and gas deposits;
- the uncertainty of reserves and resources estimates;
- general business, economic and market conditions;
- the ability to generate sufficient cash flow from operations and obtain financing to fund planned exploration, development and operational activities and meet current and future commitments and obligations (including product processing, transportation, de-ethanization, fractionation and similar commitments and obligations);
- changes in, or in the interpretation of, laws, regulations or policies (including environmental laws);
- the ability to obtain required governmental or regulatory approvals in a timely manner, and to enter into and maintain leases and licenses;
- the effects of weather;

- the timing and cost of future abandonment and reclamation obligations and potential liabilities for environmental damage and contamination;
- uncertainties regarding aboriginal claims and in maintaining relationships with local populations and other stakeholders;
- the outcome of existing and potential lawsuits, regulatory actions, audits and assessments; and
- other risks and uncertainties described elsewhere in this document and in Paramount's other filings with Canadian securities authorities.

The foregoing list of risks is not exhaustive. For more information relating to risks, see the section titled "RISK FACTORS" in Paramount's current annual information form. The forward-looking information contained in this document is made as of the date hereof and, except as required by applicable securities law, Paramount undertakes no obligation to update publicly or revise any forward-looking statements or information, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

Non-GAAP Measures

In this document "Funds flow from operations", "Netback", "Net Debt (Cash)", "Adjusted working capital", "Exploration and Capital Expenditures", "Principal Properties Capital" and "Investments in other entities – market value", collectively the "Non-GAAP Measures", are used and do not have any standardized meanings as prescribed by IFRS.

Funds flow from operations refers to cash from (used in) operating activities before net changes in operating non-cash working capital, geological and geophysical expenses, asset retirement obligation settlements and transaction and reorganization costs. Funds flow from operations is commonly used in the oil and gas industry to assist management and investors in measuring the Company's ability to fund capital programs and meet financial obligations. Refer to the Consolidated Results section of the Company's Management's Discussion and Analysis for the calculation thereof. Netback equals petroleum and natural gas sales less royalties, operating costs and transportation and NGLs processing costs. Netback is commonly used by management and investors to compare the results of the Company's oil and gas operations between periods. Refer to the Principal Properties section of the Company's Management's Discussion and Analysis for the calculation thereof. Net Debt (Cash) is a measure of the Company's overall debt position after adjusting for certain working capital and other amounts and is used by management to assess the Company's overall leverage position. Refer to the Liquidity and Capital Resources section of the Company's Management's Discussion and Analysis for the calculation of Net Debt (Cash) and Adjusted working capital. Exploration and capital expenditures consist of the Company's spending on wells and infrastructure projects, other property, plant and equipment, land and property acquisitions and geological and geophysical costs incurred. The closest GAAP measure to exploration and development expenditures is property, plant and equipment and exploration cash flows under investing activities in the Company's Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows, which includes all of the items included in exploration and capital expenditures, except for geological and geophysical costs, which are expensed as incurred. Principal Properties Capital includes capital expenditures and geological and geophysical costs related to the Company's Principal Properties business segment, and excludes land acquisitions. The Principal Properties Capital measure provides management and investors with information regarding the Company's Principal Properties spending on wells and infrastructure projects separate from land acquisition activity and capitalized interest. The following is the calculation of exploration and capital expenditures and Principal Properties for the periods:

		Three months ended September 30		ended 30
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Property, plant and equipment and exploration				
(consolidated statement of cash flows)	124.7	46.9	386.3	122.2
Geological and geophysical	2.2	1.7	4.5	3.9
Exploration and Capital Expenditures	126.9	48.6	390.8	126.1
Land and property acquisitions	(4.2)	(0.1)	(7.3)	(10.9)
Strategic Investments	(0.3)	(1.6)	(1.7)	(21.5)
Corporate	(0.4)	(0.3)	(0.9)	(0.8)
Principal Properties Capital	122.0	46.6	380.9	92.9

Investments in other entities – market value reflects the Company's investments in enterprises whose securities trade on a public stock exchange at their period end closing price (e.g. MEG, Blackbird, Marquee, RMP, SOG, Trilogy (2016) and others), and investments in all other entities at book value. Paramount provides this information because the market values of equity-accounted investments, which are significant assets of the Company, are often materially different than their carrying values. Refer to the Strategic Investments section of the Company's Management's Discussion and Analysis and Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 and September 30, 2016 for information on carrying and market values.

The Non-GAAP Measures should not be considered in isolation or construed as alternatives to their most directly comparable measure calculated in accordance with GAAP, or other measures of financial performance calculated in accordance with GAAP. The Non-GAAP Measures are unlikely to be comparable to similar measures presented by other issuers.

Oil and Gas Measures and Definitions

The term "Liquids" means oil, condensate and Other NGLs (ethane, propane and butane).

Abbreviations

Liquids		Natural Ga	as
Bbl Bbl/d NGLs Condensate	Barrels Barrels per day Natural gas liquids Pentane and heavier hydrocarbons	Mcf MMcf/d GJ MMbtu	Thousands of cubic feet Millions of cubic feet per day Gigajoule Millions of British thermal units
Oil Equivale	nt		
Boe Boe/d	Barrels of oil equivalent		

Natural gas equivalency volumes have been derived using the ratio of six thousand cubic feet of natural gas to one barrel of oil. Equivalency measures may be misleading, particularly if used in isolation. A conversion ratio of six thousand cubic feet of natural gas to one barrel of oil is based on an energy equivalency conversion method primarily applicable at the burner tip and does not represent a value equivalency at the well head. For the nine months ended September 30, 2017, the value ratio between crude oil and natural gas was approximately 23:1. This value ratio is significantly different from the energy equivalency ratio of 6:1. Using a 6:1 ratio would be misleading as an indication of value.



Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) September 30, 2017

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

(\$ thousands)

As at	Note	September 30 2017	December 31 2016
ASSETS		(Unaudited)	
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	15	91,121	621,872
Investments in securities for distribution	4	_	118,978
Accounts receivable		123,594	23,895
Prepaid expenses and other		10,705	1,715
Risk management	14	6,133	· –
•		231,553	766,460
Exploration and evaluation	5	1,003,626	301,530
Property, plant and equipment, net	6	3,347,600	882,724
Equity-accounted investment	3	_	44,053
Investments in securities	7	56,470	64,193
Deferred income tax	13	381,623	_
		5,020,872	2,058,960
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Current liabilities			
Dividend payable	4,10	_	118,978
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	.,	266,574	81,585
Current portion of asset retirement obligations	9	25,150	7,896
Risk management	14	_	5,180
		291,724	213,639
Long-term debt	8	523,001	· –
Asset retirement obligations and other	9	1,659,394	204,413
Deferred income tax	13	_	6,125
		2,474,119	424,177
Commitments and contingencies	16		
Shareholders' equity			
Share capital	10	2,248,621	1,639,466
Retained earnings (accumulated deficit)		156,487	(152,182)
Reserves	11	141,645	147,499
		2,546,753	1,634,783
		5,020,872	2,058,960

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE **INCOME**

(Unaudited) (\$ thousands, except as noted)

		Three months ended September 30			Nine months ended September 30	
	Note	2017	2016	2017	2016	
Petroleum and natural gas sales		116,539	51,681	232,570	216,505	
Royalties		(5,029)	(51)	(7,834)	(2,128)	
Revenue		111,510	51,630	224,736	214,377	
Gain (loss) on commodity contracts	14	(3,379)	2,389	17,484	6,519	
		108,131	54,019	242,220	220,896	
Expenses					_	
Operating expense		47,758	25,001	79,814	86,097	
Transportation and NGLs processing		12,328	12,675	26,640	52,170	
General and administrative		10,692	4,040	22,386	19,381	
Share-based compensation	12	3,075	1,421	8,506	24,164	
Depletion and depreciation	6	89,707	24,171	124,577	188,463	
Exploration and evaluation	5	1,461	17,337	6,757	21,561	
Gain on sale of oil and gas assets	6	(25,581)	(1,239,304)	(113,927)	(1,370,299)	
Interest and financing		1,864	17,808	2,304	74,862	
Accretion of asset retirement obligations	9	4,766	1,003	6,715	3,614	
Foreign exchange		484	(5,548)	674	(43,947)	
Debt extinguishment		_	18,283	_	18,283	
Transaction and reorganization costs	2,3	9,709	-	14,446	_	
		156,263	(1,123,113)	178,892	(925,651)	
Income (loss) from equity-accounted investment		58,795	(2,829)	63,729	(11,578)	
Gain on Apache Canada Acquisition	2	366,062		366,062		
ARO Discount Rate Adjustment	9	(223,375)	-	(223,375)	_	
Other	4	496	(7,532)	(17,090)	(14,913)	
Income before tax		153,846	1,166,771	252,654	1,120,056	
Income tax expense (recovery)	13				_	
Deferred		(69,609)	137,367	(36,869)	167,180	
		(69,609)	137,367	(36,869)	167,180	
Net income		223,455	1,029,404	289,523	952,876	
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax Items that may be reclassified to net income (loss):						
Change in market value of securities		5,517	53,890	(36,737)	50,581	
Reclassification of accumulated losses on						
securities to net income (loss)		_	(32,371)	21,480	(25,877)	
Deferred tax on other comprehensive income (loss)			ŕ		,	
related to securities		_	(3,079)	948	(3,079)	
Comprehensive income		228,972	1,047,844	275,214	974,501	
Net income per common share (\$/share)	10	4.00	0.00	0.00	0.07	
Basic		1.99	9.69	2.68	8.97	
Diluted		1.97	9.64	2.65	8.97	

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(Unaudited) (\$ thousands)

		Three mor Septen			Nine months ended September 30	
	Note	2017	2016	2017	2016	
Operating activities						
Net income		223,455	1,029,404	289,523	952,876	
Add (deduct):		,		,	•	
Items not involving cash	15	(190,009)	(1,045,582)	(199,850)	(953,713)	
Asset retirement obligations settled	9	(7,737)	(207)	(12,503)	(823)	
Debt extinguishment		_	18,283		18,283	
Change in non-cash working capital		23,703	7,839	5,716	35,524	
Cash from operating activities		49,412	9,737	82,886	52,147	
Financing activities			(50.740)		(400.044)	
Net repayment of limited-recourse demand facilities		-	(58,710)	-	(100,911)	
Net draw (repayment) of revolving long-term debt		57,535	(224,369)	57,535	(695,384)	
Redemption of senior notes		-	(169,648)	-	(169,648)	
Common shares issued, net of issue costs		634	257	4,042	338	
Cash from (used in) financing activities		58,169	(452,470)	61,577	(965,605)	
Investing activities						
Property, plant and equipment and exploration		(124,675)	(46,904)	(386,267)	(122,218)	
Proceeds on sale of oil and gas assets		3,356	496,077	153,829	1,060,994	
Proceeds on sale of investments, net of costs		· _	306,192	· _	306,192	
Corporate acquisition	2	(486,852)	, _	(486,852)	, _	
Cash acquired on corporate acquisition	2	25,468	_	25,468	_	
Change in non-cash working capital		1,548	(10,901)	20,233	(29,693)	
Cash from (used in) investing activities		(581,155)	744,464	(673,589)	1,215,275	
Net increase (decrease)		(473,574)	301,731	(529,126)	301,817	
Foreign exchange on cash and cash equivalents		(926)	4	(1,625)	(403)	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		565,621	11,620	621,872	11,941	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period		91,121	313,355	91,121	313,355	

Supplemental cash flow information

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INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

(Unaudited) (\$ thousands, except as noted)

Nine months ended September 30	Note	2017		2	2016	
		Shares (000's)		Shares (000's)		
Share Capital						
Balance, beginning of period		105,784	1,639,466	106,212	1,646,984	
Issued	12	511	6,061	41	474	
Issued on Trilogy Merger, net of issuance costs Change in vested and unvested common shares for stock	3	28,537	603,085	-	-	
incentive plan	12	3	9	19	118	
Balance, end of period		134,835	2,248,621	106,272	1,647,576	
Retained Earnings (Accumulated Deficit) Balance, beginning of period Net income Decrease in value of securities prior to distribution	4		(152,182) 289,523 19,146		(1,197,627) 952,876 –	
Balance, end of period			156,487		(244,751)	
Reserves	11					
Balance, beginning of period			147,499		99,337	
Other comprehensive income (loss)			(14,309)		21,625	
Contributed surplus			8,455		23,910	
Balance, end of period			141,645		144,872	
Total Shareholders' Equity			2,546,753		1,547,697	

(Tabular amounts stated in \$ thousands, except as noted)

1. Basis of Presentation

Paramount Resources Ltd. ("Paramount" or the "Company") is an independent, publicly traded, Canadian energy company that explores and develops conventional and unconventional petroleum and natural gas prospects, including long-term unconventional exploration and pre-development projects, and holds a portfolio of investments in other entities. The Company's principal properties are primarily located in Alberta and British Columbia. Paramount's operations are divided into three business segments: i) Principal Properties; ii) Strategic Investments; and iii) Corporate.

Paramount is the ultimate parent company of a consolidated group of companies and is incorporated and domiciled in Canada. The address of its registered office is 4700, 888 3rd Street S.W., Calgary, Alberta, Canada, T2P 5C5. The consolidated group includes wholly-owned subsidiaries Paramount Resources (ACL) Ltd. (formerly Apache Canada Ltd.) following the acquisition of Apache Canada Ltd. on August 16, 2017 (see note 2), Paramount Resources (TEC) Ltd. (formerly Trilogy Energy Corp.) ("Trilogy") following the merger with Trilogy on September 12, 2017 (see note 3), Fox Drilling Limited Partnership ("Fox Drilling"), Cavalier Energy ("Cavalier") and MGM Energy. The financial statements of Paramount's subsidiaries and partnerships are prepared for the same reporting periods as the parent in accordance with the Company's accounting policies. All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated.

These unaudited Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company, as at and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 (the "Interim Financial Statements"), were authorized for issuance by the Audit Committee of Paramount's Board of Directors on November 7, 2017.

These Interim Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34 – *Interim Financial Reporting* on a basis consistent with the accounting, estimation and valuation policies described in the Company's audited Consolidated Financial Statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2016 (the "Annual Financial Statements"). These Interim Financial Statements are stated in thousands of Canadian dollars, unless otherwise noted, and have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for certain financial instruments which are stated at fair value. Certain information and disclosures normally required to be included in the notes to the Annual Financial Statements prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards have been condensed or omitted. These Interim Financial Statements should be read in conjunction with the Annual Financial Statements.

Changes in Accounting Standards

There were no new accounting standards adopted by the Company for the nine months ended September 30, 2017.

Future Changes in Accounting Standards

In May 2014, the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") issued IFRS 15 – *Revenue From Contracts With Customers*, which establishes a single revenue recognition framework that applies to contracts with customers. The standard requires an entity to recognize revenue to reflect the transfer of goods and services for the amount it expects to receive when control is transferred to the purchaser. IFRS 15 is effective for years beginning on or after January 1, 2018. Paramount does not expect that the adoption of this standard will have a material impact on the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements.

In July 2014, the IASB issued IFRS 9 – *Financial Instruments*, which sets out the recognition and measurement requirements for financial instruments and some contracts to buy or sell non-financial items.

(Tabular amounts stated in \$ thousands, except as noted)

IFRS 9 proposes a single model of classifying and measuring financial assets and liabilities and provides for only two classification categories: amortized cost and fair value. IFRS 9 is effective for years beginning on or after January 1, 2018. Paramount does not expect that the adoption of this standard will have a material impact on the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements.

In January 2016, the IASB issued IFRS 16 – *Leases*, which replaces IAS 17 – *Leases* and related interpretations. IFRS 16 eliminates the classification of leases as finance or operating and introduces a single lessee accounting model for recognition and measurement, which will require the recognition of assets and liabilities for most leases. IFRS 16 is effective for years beginning on or after January 1, 2019. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the IFRS on its Consolidated Financial Statements.

2. Apache Canada Ltd. Acquisition

On August 16, 2017, Paramount acquired all of the outstanding shares of Apache Canada Ltd. ("Apache Canada") for cash consideration of \$486.9 million (the "Apache Canada Acquisition").

Apache Canada was a wholly-owned subsidiary of a publicly traded U.S. based international oil and gas company. Apache Canada's primary oil and gas assets were located at Wapiti, Kaybob and in Central Alberta. These Interim Financial Statements include the results of operations of Apache Canada for the period following the closing of the transaction on August 16, 2017.

The Apache Canada Acquisition was accounted for as a business combination in accordance with *IFRS 3, Business Combinations ("IFRS 3")*, using the acquisition method of accounting whereby all of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed were recorded at fair value. The allocation of the total consideration is preliminary and was based on estimates of fair value, except for deferred income tax amounts, and such estimates may be adjusted in future periods. The following table summarizes the net assets acquired:

Cash consideration	\$	486,852
Cash	\$	25.468
Accounts receivable	•	36,113
Prepaids		5,015
Exploration and evaluation		295,095
Property, plant and equipment		825,309
Deferred income tax asset		450,634
Accounts payable		(59,632)
Asset retirement obligations (see also - note 9)		(712,176)
Provision		(12,912)
Net assets acquired		852,914
Gain on Apache Canada Acquisition		(366,062)
	\$	486,852

The estimated asset retirement obligations were discounted using a credit-adjusted discount rate of approximately 6 percent. These obligations will be settled over the useful lives of the assets, which exceed 40 years. A \$12.9 million provision was recorded as a result of the difference between current market rates and rates associated with Apache Canada's head office lease, which expires in 2023. The gain on acquisition of \$366.1 million is substantially attributable to the undiscounted nature of the deferred tax asset recognized in the purchase allocation.

(Tabular amounts stated in \$ thousands, except as noted)

Paramount incurred \$7.0 million of transaction costs related to the Apache Canada Acquisition, which were recognized in transaction and reorganization costs in the statement of comprehensive income.

Since August 16, 2017, the Company recorded \$33.9 million of petroleum and natural gas sales in respect of properties added through the Apache Canada Acquisition.

3. Trilogy Energy Corp. Merger

On September 12, 2017, Paramount and Trilogy Energy Corp. completed a merger transaction (the "Trilogy Merger") under which Paramount acquired all of the outstanding shares of Trilogy ("Trilogy Shares") not already owned by it in exchange for class A common shares of Paramount ("Common Shares"), on the basis of one Common Share for every 3.75 Trilogy shares. Trilogy was, prior to the completion of the merger, a publicly traded petroleum and natural gas-focused Canadian energy corporation. Trilogy's primary oil and gas assets were located in the Kaybob and Grande Prairie areas of Alberta. These Interim Financial Statements include the results of operations of Trilogy for the period following the closing of the transaction on September 12, 2017.

The Trilogy Merger was accounted for as a business combination in accordance with IFRS 3, using the acquisition method of accounting whereby all of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed were recorded at fair value. The allocation of the total consideration is preliminary and was based on estimates of fair value, except for deferred income tax amounts, and such estimates may be adjusted in future periods. The following table summarizes the net assets acquired:

Share consideration – Common Shares	\$ 603,275
Fair value of Trilogy Shares held immediately before the Trilogy Merger	107,783
Share-based compensation – Trilogy Options	3,196
Total consideration	\$ 714,254
Accounts receivable	\$ 18,513
Risk management assets	4,605
Prepaids	2,321
Exploration and evaluation	429,658
Property, plant and equipment	976,384
Accounts payable	(51,033)
Bank credit facility	(158,716)
7¼ percent senior unsecured notes due 2019	(306,750)
Asset retirement obligations (see also - note 9)	(98,936)
Deferred income tax liability	(101,792)
Net assets acquired	\$ 714,254

Pursuant to the Trilogy Merger, Paramount issued 28.5 million Common Shares which were ascribed a value of \$21.14 per share based on the closing market price of the shares on the day immediately preceding the closing of the Trilogy Merger. The carrying value of the 19.1 million Trilogy Shares held by Paramount immediately prior to the Trilogy Merger was increased to fair value, resulting in the recognition of a gain of \$61.8 million. For the nine months ended September 30, 2017, equity income of \$1.9 million (2016 - \$11.6 million equity loss) was recorded in respect of Paramount's investment in Trilogy.

Following the closing of the Trilogy Merger, holders of options to acquire Trilogy Shares ("Trilogy Options") are entitled to purchase Common Shares rather than Trilogy Shares at an adjusted exercise price, based on the exchange ratio for the Trilogy Shares. As a result, the fair value of the vested Trilogy Options was

(Tabular amounts stated in \$ thousands, except as noted)

recognized by Paramount as additional consideration, based on a Black-Scholes option valuation of \$3.2 million.

The estimated asset retirement obligations were discounted using a credit-adjusted discount rate of approximately 6 percent. These obligations will be settled over the useful lives of the assets, which exceed 40 years.

Paramount incurred \$3.2 million of transaction costs related to the Trilogy Merger, which were recognized in transaction and reorganization costs in the statement of comprehensive income.

Since September 12, 2017, the Company recorded \$10.6 million of petroleum and natural gas sales in respect of properties added through the Trilogy Merger.

If the Apache Canada Acquisition and the Trilogy Merger had been completed on January 1, 2017, Paramount's revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 would have been approximately \$600 million (unaudited). Paramount's revenue less transportation and operating expenses would have been approximately \$290 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017. The impact of the Apache Canada Acquisition and the Trilogy Merger on net income for the period is impracticable to determine.

4. Segmented Information

	Principal	Strategic		Inter-segment	
Three months ended September 30, 2017	Properties	Investments	Corporate	Eliminations	Total
Revenue	111,510	_	-	-	111,510
Loss on financial commodity contracts	(3,379)	_	-	-	(3,379)
	108,131	-	-	-	108,131
Expenses					
Operating expense	47,758	_	-	-	47,758
Transportation and NGLs processing	12,328	_	-	-	12,328
General and administrative	-	1,640	9,052	-	10,692
Share-based compensation	_	1,029	2,046	-	3,075
Depletion and depreciation	86,666	2,954	286	(199)	89,707
Exploration and evaluation	2,133	(672)	-	-	1,461
Gain on sale of oil and gas assets	(25,581)	_	_	-	(25,581)
Interest and financing	_	_	1,864	-	1,864
Accretion of asset retirement obligations	4,663	103	_	-	4,766
Foreign exchange	_	_	484	-	484
Transaction and reorganization costs	_	_	9,709	-	9,709
	127,967	5,054	23,441	(199)	156,263
Income from equity-accounted investment	_	58,795	_	-	58,795
Gain on Apache Canada Acquisition	-	_	366,062	-	366,062
ARO Discount Rate Adjustment	-	_	(223,375)	-	(223,375)
Other	60	_	947		1,007
Drilling rig revenue	-	690	-	(690)	_
Drilling rig expense		(1,509)	_	998	(511)
	(19,776)	52,922	120,193	507	153,846
Inter-segment eliminations		507		(507)	_
Segment income (loss)	(19,776)	53,429	120,193	-	153,846
Income tax recovery	<u>.</u>				69,609
Net income					223,455

(Unaudited)
(Tabular amounts stated in \$ thousands, except as noted)

	Principal	Strategic		Inter-segment	
Three months ended September 30, 2016	Properties	Investments	Corporate	Eliminations	Total
Revenue	51,630	_	_	_	51,630
Gain on financial commodity contracts	2,389	-	-	_	2,389
	54,019	_	_	_	54,019
Expenses					
Operating expense	25,001	_	_	_	25,001
Transportation and NGLs processing	12,675	_	_	_	12,675
General and administrative	-	1,358	2,682	_	4,040
Share-based compensation	-	535	886	_	1,421
Depletion and depreciation	23,011	2,891	260	(1,991)	24,171
Exploration and evaluation	16,666	671	_	_	17,337
Gain on sale of oil and gas assets	(1,239,304)	-	-	_	(1,239,304)
Interest and financing	_	671	17,137	_	17,808
Accretion of asset retirement obligations	910	93	-	_	1,003
Foreign exchange	-	-	(5,548)	_	(5,548)
Debt extinguishment	-	_	18,283	_	18,283
	(1,161,041)	6,219	33,700	(1,991)	(1,123,113)
Loss from equity-accounted investments	-	(2,829)	-	_	(2,829)
Other	385	(7,898)	35	_	(7,478)
Drilling rig revenue	_	9,062	_	(8,839)	223
Drilling rig expense	-	(4,040)	_	3,763	(277)
	1,215,445	(11,924)	(33,665)	(3,085)	1,166,771
Inter-segment eliminations	-	(3,085)	-	3,085	_
Segment income (loss)	1,215,445	(15,009)	(33,665)	_	1,166,771
Income tax expense		•	•		(137,367)
Net income				_	1,029,404

	Principal	Strategic		Inter-segment	
Nine months ended September 30, 2017	Properties	Investments	Corporate	Eliminations	Total
Revenue	224,736	_	_	-	224,736
Gain on financial commodity contracts	17,484	_	_	-	17,484
-	242,220	_	_	-	242,220
Expenses					
Operating expense	79,814	_	_	-	79,814
Transportation and NGLs processing	26,640	_	_	-	26,640
General and administrative	_	5,055	17,331	-	22,386
Share-based compensation	_	2,941	5,565	-	8,506
Depletion and depreciation	118,358	9,658	737	(4,176)	124,577
Exploration and evaluation	6,862	(105)	_	-	6,757
Gain on sale of oil and gas assets	(113,505)	(422)	_	-	(113,927)
Interest and financing		18	2,286	-	2,304
Accretion of asset retirement obligations	6,403	312	_	-	6,715
Foreign exchange	-	_	674	-	674
Transaction and reorganization costs	-	_	14,446	-	14,446
	124,572	17,457	41,039	(4,176)	178,892
Income from equity-accounted investment	_	63,729	_	-	63,729
Gain on Apache Canada Acquisition	-	_	366,062	-	366,062
ARO Discount Rate Adjustment	_	_	(223,375)	-	(223,375)
Other	271	(21,480)	4,686	-	(16,523)
Drilling rig revenue	_	14,276	_	(13,900)	376
Drilling rig expense	_	(11,817)	_	10,874	(943)
•	117,919	27,251	106,334	1,150	252,654
Inter-segment eliminations	_	1,150	_	(1,150)	_
Segment income	117,919	28,401	106,334	`	252,654
Income tax recovery					36,869
Net income					289,523

	Principal	Strategic		Inter-segment	
Nine months ended September 30, 2016	Properties	Investments	Corporate	Eliminations	Total
Revenue	214,377	_	_	_	214,377
Gain on financial commodity contracts	6,519	_	_	_	6,519
-	220,896	_	_	_	220,896
Expenses					
Operating expense	86,097	_	_	_	86,097
Transportation and NGLs processing	52,170	_	_	_	52,170
General and administrative	-	4,648	14,733	-	19,381
Share-based compensation	_	5,334	18,830	_	24,164
Depletion and depreciation	183,881	6,993	648	(3,059)	188,463
Exploration and evaluation	20,545	1,016	_	_	21,561
Gain on sale of oil and gas assets	(1,370,279)	(20)	_	_	(1,370,299)
Interest and financing	_	2,706	72,156	-	74,862
Accretion of asset retirement obligations	3,338	276	_	-	3,614
Foreign exchange	_	_	(43,947)	_	(43,947)
Debt extinguishment	_	-	18,283	_	18,283
	(1,024,248)	20,953	80,703	(3,059)	(925,651)
Loss from equity-accounted investment	-	(11,578)	_	_	(11,578)
Other	344	(14,391)	35	-	(14,012)
Drilling rig revenue	-	17,978	_	(17,755)	223
Drilling rig expense	_	(7,258)	_	6,134	(1,124)
	1,245,488	(36,202)	(80,668)	(8,562)	1,120,056
Inter-segment eliminations	-	(8,562)	-	8,562	_
Segment income (loss)	1,245,488	(44,764)	(80,668)	-	1,120,056
Income tax expense		•			(167,180)
Net income				-	952,876

Other Income (Loss)

		Three months ended September 30		ths ended nber 30
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Interest income	982	328	4,593	164
Drilling rig revenue	_	223	376	223
Drilling rig expense	(511)	(277)	(943)	(1,124)
Decrease in market value of securities distributed	_	_	(10,450)	_
Write-down of investments in securities	_	(4,602)	(11,030)	(11,095)
Other	25	(3,204)	364	(3,081)
	496	(7,532)	(17,090)	(14,913)

In December 2016, the Company's Board of Directors declared a dividend of 3.8 million class A common shares of Seven Generations Energy Ltd. ("7Gen Shares") to holders of record of Common Shares on January 9, 2017, resulting in an entitlement of approximately 0.036 of a 7Gen Share for each Common Share, subject to rounding for fractions. The dividend was paid on January 16, 2017.

The decrease in the fair value of Paramount's investment in 3.8 million 7Gen Shares of \$10.5 million between the acquisition date and the date of the dividend was reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income to earnings in January 2017. An associated income tax recovery of \$1.4 million was also reclassified to earnings. The value ascribed to the dividend as at December 31, 2016 of \$119.0 million was reduced by \$19.1 million in January 2017 due to a decrease in the market price of 7Gen Shares prior to distribution, which was recorded as an increase in Retained Earnings.

5. Exploration and Evaluation

	Nine months ended September 30, 2017	Twelve months ended December 31, 2016
Balance, beginning of period	301,530	363,724
Additions	9,702	48,141
Apache Canada Acquisition and Trilogy Merger	724,753	_
Change in asset retirement provision	(904)	2,942
Transfers to property, plant and equipment	(5,493)	(23,700)
Dry hole	810	(13,811)
Expired lease costs	(3,106)	(6,194)
Write-downs	_	(2,969)
Dispositions	(23,666)	(66,603)
Balance, end of period	1,003,626	301,530

Exploration and Evaluation Expense

		Three months ended September 30		hs ended ber 30
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Geological and geophysical	2,215	1,704	4,461	3,885
Dry hole	(827)	13,827	(810)	13,792
Expired lease costs	73	1,806	3,106	3,884
	1,461	17,337	6,757	21,561

6. Property, Plant and Equipment

	Petroleum and natural	Drilling		
Nine months ended September 30, 2017	gas assets	rigs	Other	Total
Cost				
Balance, December 31, 2016	1,982,438	156,437	30,435	2,169,310
Additions	379,999	655	1,159	381,813
Apache Canada Acquisition and Trilogy Merger	1,801,693	_	-	1,801,693
ARO Discount Rate Adjustment (see note 9)	473,338	_	-	473,338
Transfers from exploration and evaluation	5,493	_	-	5,493
Dispositions	(279,979)	_	(162)	(280,141)
Change in asset retirement provision	2,486	-	-	2,486
Cost, September 30, 2017	4,365,468	157,092	31,432	4,553,992
Accumulated depletion, depreciation and write-downs				
Balance, December 31, 2016	(1,208,652)	(55,442)	(22,492)	(1,286,586)
Depletion and depreciation	(160,809)	(9,479)	(1,243)	(171,531)
Reversal of prior-years' write-downs	42,111	_	_	42,111
Dispositions	209,460	_	154	209,614
Accumulated depletion, depreciation and write-downs,				
September 30, 2017	(1,117,890)	(64,921)	(23,581)	(1,206,392)
Net book value, December 31, 2016	773,786	100,995	7,943	882,724
Net book value, September 30, 2017	3,247,578	92,171	7,851	3,347,600

(Tabular amounts stated in \$ thousands, except as noted)

Depletion and Depreciation

	Three months ended September 30		Nine months ended September 30	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Depletion and depreciation	90,011	26,498	171,642	192,548
Reversal of prior-years' write-downs of property, plant and equipment	_	-	(42,111)	_
Inter-segment eliminations	(304)	(2,327)	(4,954)	(4,085)
	89,707	24,171	124,577	188,463

In May 2017, Paramount closed the sale of its oil and gas properties in the Valhalla area of Alberta (the "Valhalla Assets") within the Principal Properties business segment for gross cash proceeds of \$151.3 million.

A reversal of previously recorded impairment charges of \$42.1 million was recorded for the three months ended March 31, 2017, representing the amount required to increase the carrying value of the Valhalla Assets to the amount that would have been determined, net of depletion and amortization, had no impairment charges been recognized in prior periods.

The Valhalla Assets were re-classified as Assets Held for Sale in Paramount's interim financial statements as at March 31, 2017, and as a result no depletion and depreciation was recorded in respect of such assets in the second quarter of 2017. A gain of \$82.2 million was recorded for the three months ended June 30, 2017 in respect of the sale of the Valhalla Assets.

In September 2017, Paramount closed the sale of its oil and gas properties in the Saddle Hills/Mirage area of Alberta within the Principal Properties business segment for cash and other proceeds of \$7.8 million and recorded a gain on sale of \$27.0 million.

7. Investments in Securities

As at	Septem	September 30, 2017 December 31, 2		
	Shares	Carrying	Shares	Carrying
	(000's)	Value	(000's)	Value
MEG Energy Corp.	3,700	20,313	3,700	34,151
Other (1)		36,157		30,042
		56,470		64,193

⁽¹⁾ Includes investments in Blackbird Energy Inc., Marquee Energy Ltd., RMP Energy Inc., Strategic Oil & Gas Ltd., and other public and private corporations.

Investments in publicly traded securities are carried at their period-end trading prices, which are level one fair value hierarchy inputs. The estimated fair value of the Company's investments in the shares of private oil and gas companies are based on equity issuances and other indications of value from time-to-time (level three fair value hierarchy inputs).

For the nine months ended September 30, 2017 aggregate unrealized losses of \$11.0 million related to the Company's investments in MEG Energy Corp., Blackbird Energy Inc., Marquee Energy Ltd., and other securities previously recorded in other comprehensive income (loss) were charged to net income as a result of significant decreases in the market prices of the securities. For the nine months ended September 30, 2016 aggregate unrealized losses of \$11.1 million related to the Company's investments in MEG Energy Corp., Marquee Energy Ltd., and other securities previously recorded in other comprehensive income (loss) were charged to net earnings.

8. Long-Term Debt

	September 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
Paramount Facility	60,000	_
Trilogy Facility	156,251	_
Trilogy 2019 Senior Notes	306,750	_
	523,001	_

Trilogy Facility

As of September 30, 2017, Trilogy had a \$285 million senior secured revolving credit facility with a syndicate of Canadian banks (the "Trilogy Facility"). The Trilogy Facility was secured by a charge over the assets of Trilogy.

In November 2017, the Trilogy Facility was repaid in full and cancelled.

Paramount Facility

In November 2017, Paramount's senior secured revolving bank credit facility was increased to \$700 million and was changed from a reserves-based structure to a financial covenant-based structure (the "Paramount Facility"). In addition, the tenure of the Paramount Facility was changed from a "one plus one" extendible facility to a "four year" extendible facility.

The maturity date of the Paramount Facility is currently November 6, 2021, which may be extended from time-to-time at the option of Paramount and with the agreement of the lenders. At Paramount's request, the size of the Paramount Facility may be further increased by up to \$300 million pursuant to an accordion feature in the facility, subject to securing incremental lender commitments.

Borrowings under the Paramount Facility bear interest at the lenders' prime lending rate, US base rate, bankers' acceptance rates, or LIBOR rates, as selected at the discretion of the Company, plus an applicable margin which is dependent upon the Company's Senior Secured Debt to Consolidated EBITDA ratio. The Paramount Facility is secured by a charge over substantially all of the assets of Paramount, excluding the assets of Cavalier and Fox Drilling. The assets of Trilogy are also excluded from the security on an interim basis until not later than March 2, 2018.

Paramount is in compliance with the financial covenants under the Paramount Facility.

At November 6, 2017, following repayment of the Trilogy Facility, \$315.0 million was drawn on the Paramount Facility. Paramount had undrawn letters of credit outstanding totaling \$34.7 million at November 6, 2017 that reduce the amount available to be drawn on the facility.

Trilogy 2019 Senior Notes

Trilogy has \$300 million principal amount of senior unsecured notes due 2019 (the "Trilogy 2019 Senior Notes") outstanding. The Trilogy 2019 Senior Notes bear interest at 7½ percent per annum, payable semi-annually in arrears on June 13 and December 13 of each year, and mature on December 13, 2019.

The Trilogy 2019 Senior Notes are direct senior unsecured obligations of Trilogy. The Trilogy 2019 Senior Notes are redeemable in whole or in part at par, plus accrued and unpaid interest to the date of redemption, plus a redemption premium, if applicable, which varies based on the date of redemption.

(Tabular amounts stated in \$ thousands, except as noted)

At September 30, 2017, the Trilogy 2019 Senior Notes had a market value of 102.0 percent of their principal amount. The market value of the Trilogy 2019 Senior Notes were estimated using a market approach based on prices quoted from financial institutions, which are level two fair value hierarchy inputs.

9. Asset Retirement Obligations and Other

	September 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
Asset retirement obligations – current	25,150	7,896
Asset retirement obligations – long-term	1,646,482	204,413
Other (see note 2)	12,912	_
	1,684,544	212,309

Asset Retirement Obligations

	Nine months ended September 30, 2017	Twelve months ended December 31, 2016
Asset retirement obligations, beginning of period	212,309	273,580
Retirement obligations incurred	4,785	6,616
Apache Canada Acquisition and Trilogy Merger	811,112	_
ARO Discount Rate Adjustment	696,713	_
Revisions to estimated retirement costs	(3,203)	5,301
Obligations settled	(12,503)	(1,753)
Dispositions	(44,296)	(76,057)
Accretion expense	6,715	4,622
Asset retirement obligations, end of period	1,671,632	212,309

At September 30, 2017, estimated undiscounted asset retirement obligations were \$1,748.0 million (December 31, 2016 – \$212.3 million), which have been discounted using a weighted average risk-free rate of 2.25 percent (December 31, 2016 – 2.0 percent) and an inflation rate of 2.0 percent (December 31, 2016 – 2.0 percent).

Asset retirement obligations of \$712.2 million and \$98.9 million recognized in the purchase allocations in respect of Apache Canada and Trilogy, respectively, were subsequently remeasured in accordance with Paramount's accounting policy to reflect the discounting of such amounts using a weighted average risk-free discount rate of 2.25 percent (the "ARO Discount Rate Adjustment"). As a result of the ARO Discount Rate Adjustment, the carrying value of the estimated asset retirement obligations recorded in the purchase price allocations was subsequently increased by an aggregate of \$696.7 million.

The ARO Discount Rate Adjustment resulted in a corresponding increase to the carrying value of property, plant and equipment, except for properties with a nil carrying value, where the corresponding amount related to the ARO Discount Rate Adjustment was recorded as a charge to net income. As a result of the ARO Discount Rate Adjustment, the carrying value of property, plant and equipment was increased by \$473.3 million and a charge of \$223.4 million was recorded to net income.

10. Share Capital

At September 30, 2017, 134,834,749 (December 31, 2016 - 105,784,070) Common Shares of the Company were outstanding, net of nil (December 31, 2016 - 2,865) Common Shares held in trust under the stock incentive plan.

(Tabular amounts stated in \$ thousands, except as noted)

In September 2017, Paramount issued 28,537,134 Common Shares pursuant to the Trilogy Merger (see note 3).

In December 2016, the Company's Board of Directors declared a dividend of 3.8 million 7Gen Shares to holders of record of Paramount's Common Shares on January 9, 2017, resulting in an entitlement of approximately 0.036 of a 7Gen Share for each Common Share, subject to rounding for fractions. The dividend was paid on January 16, 2017.

On October 13, 2016, Paramount implemented a normal course issuer bid ("NCIB") under which the Company could purchase up to 5,441,602 Common Shares for cancellation. In 2016, the Company purchased and cancelled 622,900 Common Shares at a total cost of \$9.7 million under the NCIB. The NCIB expired on October 12, 2017.

Weighted Average Common Shares

Three months ended September 30	201	2017		6
	Wtd. Avg		Wtd. Avg	_
	Shares		Shares	
	(000's)	Net income	(000's)	Net income
Net income – basic	112,135	223,455	106,254	1,029,404
Dilutive effect of Paramount Options	1,053	_	546	_
Net income – diluted	113,188	223,455	106,800	1,029,404

Nine months ended September 30	201	2017		6
	Wtd. Avg		Wtd. Avg	
	Shares		Shares	
	(000's)	Net income	(000's)	Net income
Net income – basic	108,163	289,523	106,233	952,876
Dilutive effect of Paramount Options	1,016	_	_	_
Net income – diluted	109,179	289,523	106,233	952,876

Outstanding stock options that can be exchanged for the Company's Common Shares are potentially dilutive and are included in Paramount's diluted per share calculations when they are dilutive to net income per share. There were 5.1 million stock options outstanding to acquire Paramount Common Shares at September 30, 2017 (September 30, 2016 – 2.4 million), of which 2.9 million (September 30, 2016 – 1.9 million) were anti-dilutive for the three months ended September 30, 2017 and 2.9 million (September 30, 2016 – 2.4 million) were anti-dilutive for the nine months ended September 30, 2017.

11. Reserves

	Unrealized		
	gains	Contributed	Total
	on securities	surplus	reserves
Balance, December 31, 2016	31,724	115,775	147,499
Other comprehensive loss	(14,309)	-	(14,309)
Share-based compensation	· -	7,087	7,087
Share-based compensation assumed on Trilogy Merger (see Note 3)	_	3,196	3,196
Options exercised	_	(1,828)	(1,828)
Balance, September 30, 2017	17,415	124,230	141,645

12. Share-Based Compensation

Options to Acquire Common Shares of Paramount ("Paramount Options")

		Nine months ended September 30, 2017		onths ended ber 31, 2016
		Weighted		Weighted
		average		average
		exercise		exercise
		price		price
	Number	(\$/share)	Number	(\$/share)
Balance, beginning of period	4,322,120	13.00	7,238,650	34.66
Granted	100,000	17.65	4,565,100	12.74
Trilogy Merger (1)	1,362,375	26.75	_	_
Exercised (2)	(510,680)	8.29	(175,840)	8.34
Cancelled	(185,480)	13.80	(6,227,300)	35.41
Forfeited		_	(148,040)	21.05
Expired	_	_	(930,450)	29.83
Balance, end of period	5,088,335	17.22	4,322,120	13.00
Options exercisable, end of period	671,546	18.79	811,740	8.26

⁽¹⁾ In connection with the Trilogy Merger, Trilogy Options were amended to provide the holders thereof the right to acquire the number of whole Paramount Common Shares determined by dividing the number of Trilogy common shares subject to such Trilogy Options by 3.75 at an adjusted exercise price approximately equal to the exercise price of such Trilogy Options multiplied by 3.75. As at September 12, 2017, 5.1 million Trilogy Options were outstanding at a weighted average exercise price of \$7.13 per Trilogy Option.

Cavalier Options

During the first quarter of 2017, Cavalier granted 5.0 million Cavalier Options, which vest over five years and expire 7.7 years from the grant date.

The grant date fair value of Cavalier Options awarded was estimated using the Black-Scholes-Merton model, incorporating the following inputs: expected volatility 57%, expected life 7.7 years, risk-free interest rate of 1.4%, pre-vest forfeiture rate of nil, and expected dividend yield of nil.

As Cavalier is a private company, expected volatility is estimated based on the average historical volatility of the trading price of a group of publicly traded oil sands companies over the most recent period that is generally commensurate with the expected term of the option.

Stock Incentive Plan - Shares Held in Trust

	Nine months ended September 30, 2017		Twelve mor Decembe	orths ended er 31, 2016
	Shares		Shares	
	(000's)		(000's)	
Balance, beginning of period	3	9	22	135
Change in vested and unvested shares	(3)	(9)	(19)	(126)
Balance, end of period	_	_	3	9

⁽²⁾ For Paramount Options exercised during the nine months ended September 30, 2017, the weighted average market price of Paramount's Common Shares on the dates exercised was \$18.91 (2016 – \$12.62).

(Tabular amounts stated in \$ thousands, except as noted)

13. Income Tax

The following table reconciles income taxes calculated at the Canadian statutory rate to Paramount's recorded income tax expense:

	Three months ended September 30		Nine months ended September 30	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Income before tax	153,846	1,166,771	252,654	1,120,056
Effective Canadian statutory income tax rate	27.0%	27.0%	27.0%	27.0%
Expected income tax expense	41,538	315,028	68,217	302,415
Effect on income taxes of:				
Statutory and other rate differences	429	193	129	460
Decrease in market value of securities distributed	_	_	1,410	_
Gain on sale of oil and gas assets	_	_	_	(13,448)
(Income) loss from equity-accounted investment	(15,875)	764	(17,207)	3,126
Gain on Apache Canada Acquisition	(98,837)	_	(98,837)	-
Write-down of investments in securities	_	1,244	2,978	2,996
Change in unrecognized deferred income tax asset	196	(180,886)	678	(125,718)
Flow-through share renunciations	_	182	_	1,472
Share-based compensation	670	382	1,913	6,493
Unrealized foreign exchange on US Senior Notes	_	915	_	(9,172)
Non-deductible items and other	2,270	(455)	3,850	(1,444)
Income tax expense (recovery)	(69,609)	137,367	(36,869)	167,180

The following table summarizes the temporary differences that give rise to the deferred income tax asset (liability):

As at	September 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
Property, plant and equipment	(865,788)	(241,779)
Investments	(1,726)	(2,673)
Asset retirement obligations	450,889	56,837
Non-capital losses	714,260	177,474
Scientific research & experimental development	76,237	_
Other	7,751	4,016
Deferred income tax asset (liability)	381,623	(6,125)

14. Financial Instruments and Risk Management

The Company had the following financial commodity contracts in place as at September 30, 2017:

Instruments	Aggregate notional	Average fixed price	Fair value	Remaining term
Gas – NYMEX Swaps (Sale)	80,000 MMBtu/d	US\$3.42/MMBtu	3,486	October 2017 – December 2017
Gas - NYMEX Swaps (Sale)	20,000 MMBtu/d	US\$3.37/MMBtu	152	October 2017
Gas - NYMEX Swaps (Purchase)	40,000 MMBtu/d	US\$3.13/MMBtu	(364)	October 2017 – December 2017
Oil - NYMEX WTI Swaps (Sale)	4,000 Bbl/d	CDN\$70.80/Bbl	2,203	October 2017 – December 2017
Oil - NYMEX WTI Swap (Sale)	2,000 Bbl/d	US\$54.48/Bbl	745	October 2017 – December 2017
Oil – NYMEX WTI Collar	1,000 Bbl/d	US\$40.00 - \$55.20/Bbl	(89)	October 2017 – December 2017
			6,133	

(Tabular amounts stated in \$ thousands, except as noted)

The fair values of risk management financial instruments are estimated using a market approach incorporating level two fair value hierarchy inputs, including forward market curves and price quotes for similar instruments, provided by financial institutions.

Changes in the fair value of risk management assets and liabilities are as follows:

	Nine months ended	Twelve months ended
	September 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
Fair value, beginning of period	(5,180)	40,207
Changes in fair value	17,484	253
Settlements received	(10,776)	(45,640)
Assumed on Trilogy Merger (see Note 3)	4,605	_
Fair value, end of period	6,133	(5,180)

Subsequent to September 30, 2017, the Company entered into the following financial commodity contracts:

Instruments	Aggregate notional	Average fixed price	Term
Oil - NYMEX WTI Swaps (Sale)	10,000 Bbl/d	CDN\$69.84/Bbl	January 2018 – December 2018

15. Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows - Selected Information

Items Not Involving Cash

		Three months ended September 30		Nine months ended September 30	
	2017	2016	2017	2016	
Commodity contracts	9,520	8,505	(6,708)	30,860	
Share-based compensation	3,075	1,421	8,506	24,164	
Depletion and depreciation	89,707	24,171	124,577	188,463	
Exploration and evaluation	(754)	15,633	2,296	17,676	
Gain on sale of oil and gas assets	(25,581)	(1,239,304)	(113,927)	(1,370,299)	
Accretion of asset retirement obligations	4,766	1,003	6,715	3,614	
Foreign exchange	338	(5,457)	534	(43,423)	
(Income) loss from equity-accounted investments	(58,795)	2,829	(63,729)	11,578	
Gain on Apache Canada Acquisition	(366,062)	_	(366,062)	_	
ARO Discount Rate Adjustment	223,375	_	223,375	_	
Write-down of investments in securities	_	4,602	11,030	11,095	
Decrease in market value of securities distributed	_	_	10,450	_	
Deferred income tax	(69,609)	137,367	(36,869)	167,180	
Other	11	3,648	(38)	5,379	
	(190,009)	(1,045,582)	(199,850)	(953,713)	

(Tabular amounts stated in \$ thousands, except as noted)

Supplemental Cash Flow Information

	Three months ended September 30			ths ended nber 30
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Interest paid	502	4,367	504	54,672

Components of cash and cash equivalents

As at	September 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
Cash	82,729	76,575
Cash equivalents	8,392	545,297
	91,121	621,872

16. Commitments and Contingencies

Paramount had the following commitments as at September 30, 2017:

	After one year but not			
	Within one	more than	More than	
	year	five years	five years	
Petroleum and natural gas transportation and processing commitments (1)	127,607	596,005	615,503	
Operating leases	5,672	21,771	191	
Capital spending commitments and other	11,566	9,716	380	
	144,845	627,492	616,074	

⁽¹⁾ Certain of the transportation and processing commitments are secured by outstanding letters of credit totaling \$22.0 million at September 30, 2017 (December 31, 2016 – \$5.1 million).

In the normal course of Paramount's operations, the Company may become involved in, named as a party to, or be the subject of, various legal proceedings, including regulatory proceedings, tax proceedings and legal actions. The outcome of outstanding, pending or future proceedings cannot be predicted with certainty. Paramount does not anticipate that these claims will have a material impact on its financial position.

In 2016, a release occurred from a non-operated pipeline in which the Company owns a 50 percent interest. The operator, and owner of the remaining 50 percent, has initiated response, containment and remediation activities ("Response Activities"). Total costs to complete the Response Activities are estimated at approximately \$60 million. It is Paramount's assessment that it is not responsible for the costs of the Response Activities and as a result, no provision has been recorded in the Company's financial statements.

Tax and royalty legislation and regulations, and government interpretation and administration thereof, continually changes. As a result, there are often tax and royalty matters under review by relevant government authorities. All tax and royalty filings are subject to subsequent government audit and potential reassessments. Accordingly, the final amounts may differ materially from amounts estimated and recorded.